THE DAILY CHRONICLE.

VOL. II.—No. 112 PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, MAY 11, 1829. WHOLE No. 348.

CHARLES ALEXANDER, PUBLISHER. No. 112 CHESNUT STREET, OPPOSITE TO THE POST-OFFICE.—TERMS $8 PER ANNUM, PAYABLE HALF YEARLY IN ADVANCE.

EXHIBITION
OF THE
Art of Fancy Glass Working & Spinning,
AT THE MASONIC HALL.

MR. L. PINN

BEGS leave to inform the citizens of Philadelphia that he will exhibit for a short time his CURIOUS AND INTERESTING ART OF FANCY GLASS WORKING AND SPINNING, which has been so extensively patronized in different cities in Europe and America, and trusts he will be able to gratify the curious and scientific that may favour him with their patronage.

The great variety of ornaments of different coloured Glass and Enamel, manufactured by the advertiser, in the presence of the company would exceed the limits of this advertisement; suffice it to say, there is scarcely any thing in nature or art but can be successfully imitated. The numerous ornaments are for sale, and form rare and curious specimens of art, well adapted as presents for relatives or a fair friend.

Admission 25 cents. Children half price. Free Admission Tickets, not transferable, One Dollar. Open from 10 till 2, and from 7 till 9 o'clock.

☞ This Exhibition is particularly interesting, and merits the attention of Heads of Families and Guardians. may 7—1m

The Canton Company
OF BALTIMORE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS to the Capital Stock of the aforesaid Company, to an extent not exceeding twenty thousand shares, in all, will be received at their office, No. 24 South street, in the city of Baltimore, in pursuance of public notice heretofore given, on Monday, the 11th day of May, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 2 o'clock, P. M. and daily thereafter until, and including, Monday the 18th day of May, unless the Company shall think proper sooner to close the same.
By order. F. PRICE, Sec'y.

Baltimore, May 1, 1829.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned, as Agent of the above named Company, will receive subscriptions by a power of Attorney, for said stock, between the 8th and 16th inst. at the National Hotel, in this city, and between the hours of 9 and 2 o'clock. One per cent. will be required on subscribing, and all monies so paid will be deposited with THOMAS FITCH, Esq. Cashier of the Mechanics' Bank, till the certificates are deliverable.

Philadelphia, May 4, 1829. D. MALLORY.
may 4—1d

PAPER WAREHOUSE,
NO. 4 DECATUR STREET.

DULL & WHITE have the following articles, which they will sell at the lowest prices for cash, or good acceptance, viz:

250	reams Imperial printing Paper.
100	Royal do. do.
2000	Medium do. do.
1100	No. 1 2 and 3 Cap writing Paper.
250	No. 1 and 2 Quarto Post do.
52	do. Folio do. do.
220	Hanging or Stainers do.
70	Royal and Super Royal hardware Paper.
125	Blue Cap Paper.
200	Brown Wrapping Paper.
140	Medium do. do.
125 grs.	Bonnet Boards.
Book-binders Boards No. 55 to 65.	
Trunk do.	16 to 22.
Medium and Demi writing Paper.	
Plate, Parchment and Tissue do.	
Imperial, Super Royal and Royal coloured Paper.	
Envelope Paper, Cap Wrappers, and Blank Cards.	
Bleaching Salts, Alum and Twine and Felting.	

jan. 26—tf

COMMERCIAL BANK
OF PENNSYLVANIA,
May 5, 1829.

THE Directors have this day declared a Dividend of three per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Institution for the last six months, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the 15th inst (Signed)
may 5—tf BENJAMIN P. SMITH, Cashier.

SCHUYLKILL BANK,
IN THE CITY OF PHILADELPHIA,
May 5, 1829.

THE Directors have this day declared a Dividend of three and one half per cent. for the last six months, on the Capital paid in, which will be paid to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, after the 15th inst. H. J. LEVIS, Cashier.
may 5—tf

COPPERPLATE PRINTING.
THOMAS & WINSHIP,
No. 12 GEORGE STREET,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they have established their Printing Office at the above number, where all orders will be thankfully received and executed with neatness and dispatch.
april 24—tf

C. MEYER.
CABINET, GRAND AND SQUARE
Piano Forte Manufacturer,
NO. 108 NORTH FOURTH STREET,
Nearly opposite Branch street.

PIANO FORTES WARRANTED Equal to any imported or made in this City.
Pianos Repaired, Tuned, or taken in exchange.
C. M. attends personally to all orders for Repairing Tuning, in any part of the city. march 25—tf

DRUGS, &c.

12 bbls. Camphor,	10 kegs Emery,
5 do. Cream Tartar,	10 cases Liquorice,
50 do. Epsom Salt,	4 bales Orange Peel,
20 do. Black Lead,	500 lb. Sen. Sn. Root,
10 do. Res. Guaiac,	50 do. Scammony Alep.
10 do. Catechu,	30 do. Res. Jalap.
3 casks E. Litharge,	100 do. Sup. Ishglass,
4 do. Terra Sienna,	400 do. Blue Smalts,
5 hhds. Flor. Sulph.	30 do. Oil Anis.
6 do. Pum. Stone,	100 do. do. Lemon,
2 do. Rotten do.	100 do. do. Cinnam,
12 cas. Saffron,	230 do. Opium,

Assafœtida, Borax, Cochineal, Gum Arabic, Tragacanth, Sarsaparilla, Liquorice Root, Senna E. J. Logwood, Redwood, Blue Vitriol, Alum, Vial and Bottle Corks, with a general assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Glassware, &c. suitable for Druggists, and Country Merchants, all of which will be sold on moderate terms.
T. W. DYOTT,
N. E. corner of Second and Race streets.
feb. 14—tf

JOHNSON & CLARK,
No. 14 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

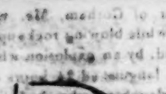
HAVE just received on consignment, a quantity of new and fashionable SPRING GOODS, which will be sold by the package at the importers' lowest prices, viz:

Extra super French embroidered Collars.
Do. do. do. do. Capes.
Do. do. Bobbinet lace, worked do.
Do. do. do. do. single, double and treble lapes.
Do. do. do. do. 1 2 hdkfs.
Do. super super Gimp'd Bobbinet lace.
Do. white Italian Crapes.
Do. Linen Cambries.
Do. do. do. do. hdkfs.
Do. Argentines, a new article for ladies dress.
Do. Crape de Lyons do. do. do. do.
Do. Italial nette plain colours.
Do. Floss Thread, Green sewing.
Boudard's hookin gloves, best quality.
Flag hdkfs. super heavy plain blue, black, restings.
Best pins—bedlace—steel shoe ornaments and clasps.
Imitation steel buttons, &c. april 2—dtf

BUILDERS
AND
SLATERS

ARE called upon to examine a lot of SLATE, which will be sold at VERY REDUCED PRICES to close a concern, at the Hay-scales Wharf, N. L. Inquire of GEORGE GORGAS, jr.
On said Wharf.
Or to ALEXANDER HAMPTON,
april 4—tf corner of Twelfth and Cherry streets.

CITIZENS' CANAL LINE
FOR BALTIMORE.

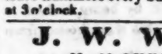


THE Steamboat NORFOLK, Captain Jeffries, leaves Arch street wharf daily, (Sundays excepted,) at half past 12, noon, for BALTIMORE, via Delaware City and Line of Canal.

The Steamboat Philadelphia, Capt. Crocker, leaves BALTIMORE daily, (Sundays excepted,) at 12 o'clock, noon, for PHILADELPHIA. Passengers arrive in each city about 2 o'clock in the morning.

☞ The Boats at both ends of this line, have good accommodation for sleeping on board. Passage each way $4. All baggage at the risk of the owners Apply on board, or at the Office, Penn's wharf, first below Arch street. may 7—tf

AT 6 O'CLOCK, A. M.
CITIZENS' LINE for NEW YORK.
THROUGH IN ONE DAY.
Via Bordentown and Washington, 24 miles land carriage.



The new and splendid Steam Boat PHILADELPHIA, Capt. Z. W. Kellum, will leave Arch street Wharf every day, (Sundays excepted,) at 6 o'clock, A. M. for Burlington, Bristol, Whitehill and Bordentown. Passengers, for New York, take coaches at Bordentown 24 miles to Washington; there take the superior Steam Boat New York, Capt. G. Jenkins, and arrive in New York by 5 of the same afternoon. Fare through $4. Passengers for Easton take coach at Bristol. For seats apply at the Steam Boat Office, No 8 Arch street, or o the Captain on board the boat at Arch street wharf.

NOTICE.

WHEREAS, ROBERT ALLEN, of this city, Grocer, did, on the 23d day of April, ult. execute and deliver to the subscriber, an assignment of all his Estate and effects for the benefit of his creditors, who shall, within thirty days after said date, execute and deliver to him a full release of their respective claims and demands. All persons indebted, are requested to make payment, and all having claims, to present them to the Subscriber, at the corner of Tenth and Lombard streets, where the assignment and release may be seen.
RICHARD C. DICKINSON, Assignee.
may 4—2w

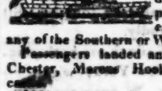
E. Denny's Fancy Store,
NO. 79 SOUTH SECOND STREET.

E. DENNY has on hand a variety of Infant's Frocks, and Ladies Corsets, Insertings, Worked Trimmings, &c. which she will dispose of on the most reasonable terms.

N. B. Country Merchants can be supplied with Infant's Dresses, and Ladies' Corsets, on the most reasonable terms, and at the shortest notice. All orders thankfully received, and punctually attended to.
march 31—tf

Union Line for Baltimore,

DAILY at 6 o'clock, A. M. and 12 o'clock, noon. The Steamboat Newcastle, Captain M. C. Jenkins, leaves Chesnut street wharf daily, (except Sunday,) at 6 o'clock, A. M. for Baltimore. Passengers arrive early the same afternoon, by the elegant new Steamboat Independence, Capt. Robinson.



The Mail Line by Steamboats, leaves the same wharf daily, at 12 o'clock, noon, and passengers arrive at Baltimore early next morning, in time for any of the Southern or Western conveyances.

Passengers landed and taken off at the Lazaretto, Chester, Marcus Hook, Caven's Ferry, and Newcastle.

All baggage at the risk of the owner thereof. The hours of departure regulated by the City Clock.

The Steamboats for Norfolk and Richmond, at present, leave Baltimore every Sunday and Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. april 30—tf

J. W. WILLIAMS,
No. 23 CHESNUT STREET,
SIGN & ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
march 14—tf

SCHUYLKILL COAL,
AT $6¼ PER TON.

THE subscribers have now on hand, and will be constantly receiving during the season, a supply of superior Peacock Coal, from Keims, Pott & Spohns, and other approved mines; which they will deliver according to order, in the city at $6 50 per ton of 2240 lbs.

Orders left at the office, No. 6 Minor street, or at the yard, on Callowhill street wharf, Schuylkill, 2d below Fair Mount, will receive immediate attention.
J. R. & J. M. BOLTON.

Superior covered boats for the transportation of merchandize to Pottsville, Middletown, and other places on the Schuylkill and Union Canals, arrive at and depart from their wharf daily. april 9—tf

THE PENNSYLVANIA
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
FOR INSURANCE AGAINST
LOSS BY FIRE.
Capital authorized by Law.....$400,000
CHARTER PERPETUAL.

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed that this Company continue to make INSURANCE, either Permanent or Limited, on Property and effects of every description, against Loss or Damage by FIRE, on terms as *liberal* as any similar Institution. By its Charter it is confined to the single object of INSURING PROPERTY ON LAND, OR LYING IN PORT, from loss by Fire, and affords the best security against the distress and ruin too often occasioned by the ravages of that destructive element.

Applications made personally, or by letter, at the Office, No. 134 WALNUT STREET, between Fifth and Sixth streets, Philadelphia, will be promptly attended to. JONATHAN SMITH, *Secretary*
april 7—tf

The Chinese Panacea.

A FRESH supply of this wonderful medicine has recently been imported directly from Peking, in two ships, and is offered for sale at the bar of the Pavilion, at the Pagoda and Labyrinth Garden, in Francis' Lane, near Fairmount, at 12½ cents the dose, after taking which, the patients are permitted to amuse themselves in the Garden, to ride the Velocipedes, to Swing, or Sea-saw for nothing!

MORE CERTIFICATES.

I do certify that I was afflicted with the Dyspepsia to such an alarming degree, that the buttons actually fell off my jacket, and was cured by the Chinese Panacea.
april 28—tf DAVID DOOLITTLE.

THE ATLAS.

A COPY of this wonderful paper, of the 22d of March, containing the entire debate on the Catholic question, printed on a single sheet, measuring forty square feet, and containing as much printed matter as three ordinary octavo volumes, will be left a few days at the store of the subscriber, for the inspection of the curious, as exhibiting the most astonishing piece of mechanical workmanship ever produced.

Subscriptions for the above, and every other British periodical, received by J. MORTIMER,
may 6—3t No. 74 South Second street.

Perfumery and Fancy Soap.

ROBERT HILL, 24 South Fourth street, has just received, and offers for sale the following articles, viz:—

600 doz. Fancy Soap in boxes, 1 doz. each.
280 do. do. papers, 1 do.
220 boxes Embossed Soap, 3 do.
61 Shaving do. 6 do.
150 doz. Cologne Water.
100 Lavender do.

With a full supply of other articles of Perfumery.—Merchants and others are requested to call and examine the above. march 24—tf

Philadelphia Institution
FOR CORRECTING STAMMERING and other Impediments of Speech, on Mrs. Leigh's system. No. 37 North Fourth street. July 14—cotf

THE SKYLARK.

When daybright banner, first unfurl'd,
From darkness frees the shrouded world,
The Skylark, singing as he soars,
On the fresh air his carol pours.
Buttho' to heav'n he wings his flight,
As if he lov'd those realms of light,
He still returns with weary wing
On earth to end his wandering.

Aspiring bird! in thee I find
An emblem of the youthful mind,
Whose earliest voice, like thine is giv'n
To notes of joy that mount to heaven;
But, fetter'd by the toils of life,
Its sordid cares, its bitter strife—
It feels its noble efforts vain,
And sadly sinks to earth again.

From Blackwood's Magazine for March.

FIRST & LAST CRIME.
JAMES MORLEY.

"We shall be too late, I fear," said my friend George Seymour, as he hurried me into a hackney coach; and stepping in himself, bade the man drive with all the speed he could to the Old Bailey.

"What makes you feel such an interest in the fate of this assassin, this James Morley?" I asked.

"I know something of the man," replied Seymour, "and have heard circumstances mentioned respecting the murder for which he is to be tried, that lead me to expect an extraordinary scene."

We soon reached Newgate; and making our way through the crowd to the door of the Court, Seymour inquired of the janitor, as he slipped a crown into his hand, "whether the trial had begun?"

"What trial?" said the man, putting the money into his pocket.

"James Morley's," replied Seymour. "Oh no," rejoined the fellow, shaking his head, and opening the door at the same moment. But we had scarcely entered, "when, tapping me on the shoulder, he added, "You have not heard what has happened?"

"What is it?" I exclaimed. "That there man Morley shot himself last night; but there's a *very* nice case of bigamy just begun; an elderly gentleman has married seven wives, and they are all in Court; that's him in black, with powder and a pig-tail."

"His pig-tail be———," Seymour was going to say. He was stopped by the door-keeper, who observed drily, "he would be fined five shillings more if he swore in Court."

"This is really mortifying," said I, as we descended the steps into what is called the press-yard.

We were neither of us disposed to remain, and hear the "soft impeachment," against the elderly, pig-tailed, powdered gentleman in black, who had provided himself with a set of wives; like a case of patent razors—one for each day in the week.

"Murder and suicide!" exclaimed Seymour, half aloud; and, passing for a moment, undetermined whether he would return home, or make further inquiries at the prison.

"I expected it would be so," said a gentlemanly-looking man, somewhat advanced in years. He had the appearance of a retired officer, and was standing close by Seymour.

"You knew him, then?" replied Seymour, turning quickly round.

"Almost from his cradle," answered the stranger—"for he had hardly stood higher than my knee, the first time I patted his little curly head; and I can scarcely be said to have lost sight of him since."

"I knew him a little," observed Seymour.—"He was one of those men of whom you could not know any thing, without a strong desire to know more."

"I think I have had the pleasure of meeting you, Mr. Seymour, once, if not twice, at Morley's, before he removed from Finchley."

"You have the advantage of me," replied Seymour, evidently surprised, and, as I thought, a little vexed at this recognition.

"My name is Captain Shackerly," said the stranger.

"Shackerly—Shackerly," repeated Seymour, "I certainly remember that name—but I declare, upon my honor, I cannot recollect the particular occasion."

"Perhaps I can recall one circumstance to your memory; the day Morley's uncle died."

"Enough," interrupted Seymour, shaking his head, "I do remember that day."

"I was there," added Shackerly, "when Morley's servant brought him the intelligence."

"Captain Shackerly," said Seymour, taking him by the hand, "I am happy to renew my acquaintance with you."

Shackerly bowed. We walked out of the press-yard; and sauntered along the Old Bailey, till we reached Ludgate Hill. Of all places (Thames Street alone expected) this, perhaps, is the very last which any one ever would select for continuing a quiet conversation. The day was too early (scarcely half-past ten) to permit of the usual alternative—an adjournment to the nearest tavern or coffee-house; so we turned, retraced our steps, and found ourselves once more opposite the gloomy entrance to Newgate.

"How did he destroy himself?" said Seymour.

"A pistol," replied Shackerly; "he sent the ball right through his heart."

"Good God!" exclaimed Seymour, "what a close to the life of such a man!"

"But how did he obtain possession of the pistol?" said I; "it argues great remissness in those who were about him."

"Oh," replied Shackerly, significantly, "he had more than one *friend* who would do that office for him, and provide the means of keeping *their* secrets. He was busily engaged in writing the greater part of the day, preparing, as it was supposed, for his defence; but it appeared, after his death, that his object was, to leave behind him—what shall I call it!—not a confession—nor a modern reminiscence—but a rapid sketch of those circumstances of his life from which *he* deduced its *last* melancholy act."

"It should seem," said Seymour, "that you have seen this writing."

"I have," replied Captain Shackerly, significantly, "for Morley had appointed me to visit him in the evening, but when I reached the prison, the fatal deed was consummated. I saw him, as he lay a bleeding corpse, near the table, on which were several sheets of paper containing what I have mentioned. They were written in a firm hand, and signed with his name only a moment, I should imagine, before he shot himself."

"Would it be possible to obtain a sight of this document?" said Seymour.

"I should think so," answered Shackerly; "not immediately, but after the inquest has been held upon the body, which is summoned for twelve o'clock."

"Where shall I have the pleasure of meeting you, two or three hours hence?" said Seymour. "I am exceedingly desirous of perusing what Morley wrote; and by your inference, perhaps, my desire can be accomplished."

"I shall attend the inquest," replied Captain Shackerly, "which will be held in prison; and if you return by two o'clock, I can almost undertake to promise you shall not be disappointed."

Seymour readily assured him he would be punctual, and they parted for the present.

"You must go with me," said he, as we walked along Holborn. "This Morley was no common man; and though he has descended to the grave, stained with the double crime of murder and suicide, if what he has left behind him be a faithful record of his life, he has bequeathed a rich legacy to the world. I cannot tell you how I became acquainted with him, some six or seven years since; I only know, I took back upon the event as one of those occurrences by which men compute the date of other things subsequent or antecedent; they stand but like towering rocks, in the tide of a quiet man's life, which he sees through all its after windings."

I required no great persuasion to accede to Seymour's proposal; for he had himself sufficiently raised my curiosity, independently of what had fallen from Captain Shackerly. Before the clock struck two, therefore, we presented ourselves at the doors of Newgate, where we found Shackerly waiting.

"I have succeeded," said he, "in obtaining possession of the papers; but must return them to-night. Whither shall we repair to read them?"

"Let it be some retired place," observed Seymour. "What think you of Canonbury House," said I, "where we can take an early dinner, and be free from intrusion?"

"With all my heart," said Shackerly. Seymour signified his consent; and we were soon on our way to that rural manufacture of cockney relaxations, in a hackney-coach drawn by two anatomies, whose progress was so humane, that an old woman who was knocked down by one of the front wheels, opposite the Angel of Islington, had time to get up again, before the hind wheel overtook her.

As we rolled thus leisurely along, Shackerly informed us that the verdict of the jury, upon the wretched Morley, was *felo-de-se*; and that he was to be carted into a hole that night, at 12 o'clock, at the end of the Old Bailey, where the four roads, or rather streets, meet.

"It is a barbarous relic of former ages," observed Seymour, "thus to stigmatize suicide.—It punishes the innocent and the living, not the guilty and the dead. Human penalties ought not to stretch beyond the grave. Whatever may be the crime of the self-murderer, it is an account which can only be settled between him and his Creator. He is a link which has dropped out of the social chain; and no man who has overcome all the other natural and moral checks which might be expected to restrain him, will ever be turned aside from his fearful purpose by the mere consideration of indignities offered to his body after death. The revolting ceremony fails, therefore, even as a preventive."*

We were not *more* than two hours travelling from Smithfield to Canonbury House; (the distance itself not being *more* than two miles, even by hackney coach mensuration, which always gives much better measure than the mile stones;) and when we arrived, it was agreed, with true English solicitude for that physical laboratory, the stomach, to dine first. We accordingly did so; and afterwards, while we sipped our wine, Captain Shackerly read what follows, from the posthumous papers of his friend Morley. A slight shudder crept through my veins, as he drew them from his pocket; for I thought of the wretched being who had written what they contained, though I knew him not: and I saw they were stained in several places with his blood.

JAMES MORLEY, THE MURDERER.

"And to *this*, it has come at last! *Thus* I read myself described in every newspaper! *Thus* I am designated, by every tongue that speaks of me! And many are those who have already made the appointment to be up betimes, and go to *Morley's execution!* The execution of Morley, the murderer! Yes—it would become *me* well, to let the hangman play the dog with me; a rude rabble gather round my scaffold; and a heartless world amuse itself, an hour perhaps with the Newgate history of my words, my conduct, nay, my very looks, from my first moment in a condemned cell, to my last, under the gibbet! It is not death I fear: but what I do fear, worse than ten thousand deaths, and what I have no spirit in me to sustain, is, the malefactor-exhibition of myself. These hands bound with cords—these arms ignominiously fastened—a vile halter round my neck—and the leading forth to public execution! Oh! these preparations, and these adjuncts *are* dreadful! I look into myself, and find I have less fortitude to go through such a scene, than I should have resolution to escape it, (if only that escape were left me,) by dashing out my brains against the walls of my prison.

"Why then, should I undergo the mockery of trial? Why stand at the bar of justice, to hear myself arraigned—to endure the public gaze—listen to well-turned periods of trite horror at my crime—and hear *others* tell, *how I* perpetrated it? And when twelve men shall gravely pronounce I *am* a murderer, to receive judicial sentence, with a solemn exhortation to prepare for a felon's death; and the orthodox appendage, that if I am duly penitent, for the remaining sixty hours I am permitted to breathe, my soul may find heaven, while the surgeons are scraping my bones, to make a skeleton for their museum of curiosities.

"Yet, even to this ordeal would I submit, were it thus only the world could learn by what a chain of circumstances I became a murderer. But it is not so: for that which living ears might have listened to in my defence, living eyes can read after my death.

"I was the youngest child of three; but before I had attained my tenth year, I was an only one. I had always been the favorite of both parents, and now I was their idol. They hung upon my existence as a shipwrecked mariner clings to the last floating fragment of the gallant bark that bore him; they lived, but while they held by me, in the rough tossings of the ocean of life. I was not slow to discover my value in their estimation, or to exercise, in its fullest extent, the capricious tyranny of conscious power. Almost the earliest impression which my ripening mind received, was a regal immunity from error—I could *do no wrong*.

"There was no deficiency of moral training, either by precept or example. The stream of virtuous admonition was poured, in a full tide, over my heart; but it was left to stagnate. The model of virtuous conduct was held before my eyes in every action of my parents; but I was absolved from the duty of imitation. What was the consequence? I imperceptibly created within myself an arbitrary standard of right and wrong; my moral vision became habitually distorted; I had one code of ethics for the world, and another for myself; words changed their meaning, according as they were to express my own actions, or those of others. I was taught to know, but not required to practice, the obligations of social life; and I rioted in all the excesses, ran through all the transgressions, which mere boyhood could commit, with a prodigal, but warranted reliance upon parental indulgence. Oh God! what an after life of guilt and sorrow I should have been spared, if authority, hand in hand with wholesome discipline, had frowned upon my *first* offences!

"As my passions grew stronger, they took a wider range, and rapidly outstripped my years. An almost unlimited command of money placed at my disposal the means of gratifying every inclination, by giving me the power to put meaner instruments in motion; those sordid pandars to vice, who make smooth the paths of sin for the privilege of dipping into an heir's purse. I had three or four of these pioneers in my pay by the time I was sixteen; but though I knew the rumour of my youthful licentiousness sometimes reached my father's ears, I never saw displeasure darken his brow towards me, nor heard the language of reproof from his lips. 'They are the weeds of a rich soil,' he would say, 'which a little culture will soon eradicate.' It is true, the more degrading of my follies were unknown to him.

"My education was not neglected. I had a thirst for knowledge; and, amid all the dissipation into which I plunged, I willingly and eagerly devoted much of my time to study. Masters of every kind were provided for me; but they were strictly prohibited from exercising any control. It so chanced, I needed none; I engaged in the acquisition of learning with the free grace of a volunteer, and I believe my preceptors were not reluctant to claim me as their pupil. Alas! the only use I ever made of what I acquired, has been to gild my vices when acted, or refine upon the manner of acting them while in contemplation.

"My father had a brother, his elder by many years; a man of stern and rigid character, as I then considered him; but, as I would now call him, of upright, firm, and honorable principle. He loved my father, but did not love his weakness; and the display of it, in his indulgence towards me, was the cause of many a serious, if not sometimes angry debate, between them. Well do I remember (for it rankled like poison in my swelling heart) a declaration he once made in my presence. It was a fine autumnal evening, and he was seated with my father and mother in a balcony, which opened from a library-window upon a spacious lawn. I entered the room and advanced towards them, unconscious, of course, that their conversation had been about me; but my uncle looking at me with a severe expression of countenance, and at the same time addressing his brother, exclaimed, 'Well James, neither you nor I may live to see it; but if the grace of God, or his own better reflection, as he grows older, do not work a change in this young squire, a duel, Jack Ketch, or a razor, will work his exit some day or other."

"My father smiled—I saw my mother wipe a tear—at that moment I could have struck my uncle dead. I muttered a few words—I knew not what, and left the room. Boy as I was, (for I had barely completed my seventeenth year,) I felt all the vindictive passions of manhood kindling within me. It seemed as if a sentence had been passed upon me, more terrible, because a secret voice whispered to me, it was prophetic! —*That impression never forsook me!* It grew with my growth; it pursued me through life; it almost gave a colour to my after-years. If I could have opened the volume of futurity, and read the page, blotted with the record of what I was to become, it could not hardly have bound me in the fetters of my destiny more certainly, than did this ill-omened prediction of my uncle.

"I questioned my father haughtily, a few days afterwards, as to the reasons of his brother for thus speaking of me; and I even dared to insinuate, that, had he felt what a father should, he would have resented the indignity. He answered me (I write it with shame and contrition) most mildly, most affectionately. The gentle being—I see him now, as he tenderly took my hand—apologised to me—to me! who ought to have stood trembling in *his* presence! I followed up my blow. With cold, but subtle malignity. I played off my revenge towards my uncle, through the idolatry of my father's love towards myself. I barbarously gave him a choice of misery; for I disdainfully replied that he must henceforth determine, whether he would lose a brother or a son, as *I* had determined to remain no longer under his roof, unless I had the assurance that I should never again see my uncle there. He looked at me. My God! what a look it was! so full of meek sorrow and appalling obedience! Without uttering a word, he sat down to his writing-table. The tears fell upon his paper; but they did not blot out a few bitter words addressed to his brother, which severed for ever in this world two noble hearts; cast indeed, in different moulds, but which kindred blood had cemented, in the close bonds of fraternal love for more than forty years.

"This was my *first* revenge. But was I satisfied. No!

"It was only a few months afterwards, that chance threw in my way a daughter of my uncle's. I met her at the house of a common friend, who knew and deplored the unhappy schism which prevailed between the two brothers. He was equally attached to both, and I believe pleased himself with the idea, that an occasional intercourse between the younger branches of the families, might some day or other effect a reconciliation between the heads. My cousin Harriet was a year older than *myself*.—She was in her nineteenth, and I in my eighteenth year. I loved her. Yes; the *first* feeling that glowed within my bosom was that of love. She was beautiful—fascinating—accomplished—amiable—and I loved her. It was not long before I was satisfied that I had kindled a reciprocal passion in her breast. The mute eloquence of her look and manner was only the harbinger of that same thrilling eloquence which fell from her tongue when I won the declaration of her affection.

"Her father knew we met at this friend's house; but whether he was told, or whether he penetrated the secret of our attachment, I never learned. I only know, that, at the very moment when separation was madness, his mandate went forth, prohibiting all further intercourse between us, and that it was obeyed. Not by me: for I was incapable of submission; but by my gentle Harriet, who thought *herself* incapable of disobeying. We met no more where we had been wont to meet; and my young heart's spring of happiness seemed for ever withered.

"But here again, I began to reflect, my path was crossed—my hopes were blighted—by my uncle. I heard, too, that his tongue had been free with my name; that the blistering censure of his austere virtue had fallen upon my actions. I writhed under the contumely. My wounded spirit was insatiate for vengeance. I meditated deeply, how I could inflict it, so as to strike the blow where he was most vulnerable. I did not brood long over my dark purpose. The love I still bore his daughter, was *now* mingled with the hatred I bore towards himself; and I exulted in the thought, that I should perhaps be able to gratify, at one and the same moment, two of the fiercest passions of my nature—lust and revenge.

"I SUCCEEDED!

"In those two words let me shroud a tale of horror. Harriet was my victim! Ask not how, I triumphed! She fell! An angel might have fallen as she did, and lost no purity. But her stainless heart was too proud to palliate and equivocate with circumstances. She never rose from what she deemed her bridal bed. And ere twenty summers had fanned her cheek, the grave-worm banqueted upon its loveliness.

"This was my *first* crime. The recollection of it is engraven upon my memory by an awful catastrophe. The night wind that sung *her* funeral dirge, howled with dismal fury through the burning ruins of my paternal mansion. Yes! that very night, as if it were in mercy to them, my father and mother both perished in the flames, which reduced the house to cinders. They were seen at the windows of their bed chamber, shrieking for aid; but before any could be procured, the flooring gave way, and they sunk, at once, into the yawning furnace that roared beneath. Their remains, when afterwards dug out, were a few shovels full of blackened ashes; except my father's right hand, which was found clasped in that of my mother, and both unconsumed. I followed these sad relics to the sepulchre. But with the tears I shed, there was blended a feeble consolation at the thought they had died before they knew the fate of Harriet; and a frightful joy that another pang was added to my uncle.

"I can well remember what a feeling of loneliness and desolation now took possession of me. A few days, a few hours almost had snapped asunder the only links by which I seemed to be held to this world. Froward as my youth had been—headlong as I had followed the impulse of my passions—my heart was not so seared, the springs of social virtue were not so dried up within me—my nature was not so bleak and barren—but that I often sighed in bitterness of soul, over the wreck of things that had been. There were moments, too, when I would gladly have paid the price of *all* my future life to redeem and cancel the past; for I already shrunk, with prophetic fears, from what was to come.—Nor could the intoxicated anticipations, of that ample wealth which awaited me, when another year should elapse, make me forget that I was doomed to enjoy it *alone*. I felt, too, that I should enter upon my inheritance with a tainted name, a feeling which the falsehoods and fawnings of the parasites who surrounded me could not obliterate.

"Time, however, gradually rolled on; and I grew callous, if not reconciled. I could not disguise from myself that the more select circles of society were closed against me, or, if I found my way into them some blushing whisper was quickly circulated, which created a solitude around me. For several years I strove to bear down this ostracism of fashion, as I considered it, rather than of morals, by the imposing influence of money. There was no equipage—no establishment in the capital which surpassed my own; there was no patron of the arts, of literature, or of science, so munificent, there was no benefactor to public charities so liberal, there was no dispenser of private benevolence, whose alms was so ostentatiously blazoned forth. My name was on every tongue; my movements, and my actions, were the daily theme of the newspapers; I lived in the general eye; but I could not level the barrier which excluded me from the region I sought.

"It was during this period, and while I was thus squandering thousands to achieve the conquest of shadows, that I succeeded in fixing an intimacy with a family equal to my own in station, and superior to it in fortune. The eldest daughter was an heiress of large expectations, and my proposals of marriage were favourably received. I might almost say that Matilda was mine; when one day I received a letter from her father, peremptorily forbidding my visits. I was thunderstruck. I hastened to the house, and demanded an explanation. It was given in a few words. *I was referred to my uncle for any information I required.*

"This blow struck me down. I had run through my patrimonial estate; but hoped, by my marriage with Matilda, to repair my shattered fortune. Three weeks after it was known that the match was broken off, I was a prisoner for debt in the King's Bench! I breathed no curse upon the cause of this sudden reverse of fortune, but—I swore revenge, in silence; and I kept my oath. I languished away six months, a captive debtor; and then, taking the benefit of the act, I walked forth a beggar, to prey upon the world at large! I had studied, during that time, in an admirable school, where I found professors in every art by which fools are gulled, and knaves foiled with their own weapons. I was an apt scholar, and returned to the bosom of society, an adept in the science of *polished depredation*. Translate this into the language of the Old Bailey, and I became a swindler by profession. Like the eagle, however, I was a bird of prey that soared into the higher regions, and rarely stooped to strike the meaner tribes of my species. I had not lost, with the trappings of my birth, the manners and address of the sphere in which I had moved; and these were now my stock in trade for carrying on my new vocation.

"Among the children of misfortune with whom I associated in prison, was Charles Fitzroy; a bankrupt in every thing but exhaustless invention, and unconquerable perseverance. Give him the free use of his limbs, and with matchless dexterity he would make his contributions of the morning furnish out the riotous expences of the evening. It was his boast, that he would breakfast with an empty pocket, and dine with a purse that should defray the carouse of a dozen friends. And I have known him fulfil his boast, with a heart as light, too, as became a man who thus made the credulous fools of this world his bankers.

"I was needy, desperate, and an outcast; and I linked my destiny with Fitzroy's. He had my confidence; such confidence as confederates in knavery can bestow. When he obtained his liberty, which he did shortly after my own was accomplished, he introduced me to his companions; men who, like himself, lived by plundering the unwary, and who looked up to him as their *Magnus Apollo*. I was soon initiated in all their mysteries; and played my part to admiration at the gaming-table, on the race course, and in the ring.

"Fitzroy was master of the secret that festered near my heart; the increased and increas-

* The events narrated above occurred before the recent alteration of the old state law which was applicable to the crime of suicide. It were to be wished, however, that instead of repealing a *part*, the *whole* had been swept away on the very ground which is here urged; for what remains only harrows up the feelings of the innocent survivors.

"My uncle has always been passionately fond of the course, and prided himself upon his steed of racers. He betted largely, and was generally fortunate, probably because he selected his men with a wary eye.—The race course, then, was the arena chosen for the enterprise; but admirable as were the projected plans, and skilfully as they were executed, such was his luck, or so profound were his calculations, that they failed *five* successive seasons. Fitzroy, however, was one of those men, who, when satisfied that what they engage in ought to succeed, according to the means employed, only derive fresh vigour from every fresh defeat. He played his game a *sixth* time, and won. The same day that saw my uncle rise with thousands, saw him seek his pillow at night, a frantic beggar! He was too proud a man, too honourable, I will add, not to throw down his last guinea, in satisfaction of such demands. He never suspected villainy in the business. He paid his losses, therefore; and in less than a week afterwards, an inquest sat upon his body, which was found at the bottom of his own fish pond.

"I had my share of this infernal plunder; but so ravenous had been my appetite for revenge, that not one pang of remorse disturbed the riotous enjoyments in which it was lavished. On the contrary, the very consciousness that it *was my* uncle's money I squandered, gave a zest to every excess, and seemed to appease the gnawing passions which had so long tormented me. In two or three years, however, boundless extravagance, and the gaming-table, stripped me of my last shilling. It was in one of the frenzied moments of this profligate reverse of fortune, that I committed the crime for which, if to-morrow dawned upon me, I should be publicly arraigned.

"Fitzroy had been fortunate the whole night I had thrown with constant bad luck. He had pocketed some hundreds; I had lost more than I could pay. I asked him for a temporary loan of fifty pounds, to make good what I owed, and stake the small remaining sum for the chance of retrieving all. He refused me. It was the first time he had ever done so. But he not *only* refused me, he taunted me with sarcastic reproofs for my folly, and muttered something about the uselessness of assisting a man who, if he had thousands, would scatter them like dust. He should have chosen a fitter moment to exhort me, than when I was galled by my losses, and by his denial of my request. I was heated with wine too; and half mad with despair, half mad with drink, I sprung upon him, tore him to the earth, and before the bystanders could interfere to separate us, I had buried a knife, which I snatched from a table near me, up to the handle in his heart!—He screamed—convulsively grappled me by the throat—and expired! His death-grasp was so fierce and powerful, that I believe had we been alone, his murderer would have been strangled by his side.—It was with difficulty that the horror-struck witnesses of this bloody scene could force open his clenched hands time enough to let me breathe.

"I have done! I remember, as if it were but yesterday, the silent response which my heart made, when my uncle pronounced that withering sentence on me. 'No! was my indignant exclamation; I may deserve a hundred public deaths, but if I know myself, I would never undergo one!'—NOR WILL I. When that which I have written shall be *read*—other hopes—other punishments, perchance, than man can awaken or inflict—will await me. My *first* crime—my *first* revenge, and my *last*, I have recorded: my *last* crime others must tell, when they speak of the murderer and SUICIDE.

JAMES MORLEY."

"I have little doubt," said Captain Shackerly, laying down the manuscript, "that scarcely a moment intervened between his writing his name, and placing the pistol to his heart; for when he was discovered, the pen was lying on the paper, as if it had been laid down only for an instant."

"It is a singular narrative," observed Seymour, "and in many passages betrays great symptoms of a highly excited morbid feeling.

"I cannot understand why he wrote it," said I, "unless he was afraid the world would not know the exact qualities of his very amiable character.

"Paradoxical as it may sound," replied Captain Shackerly, "I have no hesitation in affirming, that had Morley been trained the right way, he would have displayed some of the loftiest virtues that belong to us. But he was the mere creature of his passions, from the cradle to the grave; reason and self discipline never directed or controlled a single action of his life."

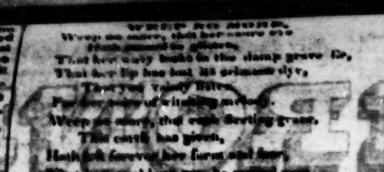
We protracted our discourse upon this and various other subjects, till the moon lighted us on our path back to London, and the deep bell of St. Sepulchre sounded the last half-hour before mid-night, as Captain Shackerly knocked at the door of Newgate to fulfill his promise of returning the manuscript that night.—Some men were digging Morley's grave. We approached the spot. There were about twenty other persons, mere passers by, earnestly assembled. The body was brought in a cart, which, being backed close to the edge of the hole, it was tilted up, and out rolled the corpse of the wretched man in his clothes as he died. I gave one look at him as he lay, doubled up in his unbleassed grave, and shuddered to think the dingy mass had been, within eight and forty hours, a living being like myself!

CULTIVATION OF CINNAMON.

The cinnamon department of the island of Ceylon consists of from 25,000 to 26,000 people, who form a separate caste of their own, and who are altogether employed in the cultivation of the cinnamon tree, (*Laurus cinnamon.*) and in preparing the bark of that tree for the market. The exportation of this article from Ceylon frequently amounts to 6,000 bales, of 80 lbs. each bale. Although the cinnamon grows wild in the south and southwest part of the island, the Dutch and English Governments have thought it advantageous to have it cultivated in four or five very large gardens; one of the largest of which, called the Marandan is close to Colombo. From the bark of the cinnamon tree, the cinnamon, which is used for culinary purposes is prepared; it is from the same bark that the cinnamon water and the cinnamon oil are prepared, and also a very fine oil, like the oil of cloves, is prepared from the leaves, and the finest description of camphor from the roots.—*Gardener's Magazine.*

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

A countryman of Rousseau's advocated suicide as a duty, and spent the greater part of a long life in writing a large folio volume to prove the soundness of his doctrine.—After he had completed his work, he thought it was time to give a practical illustration of his principles, and, at the age of seventy or eighty, (we do not precisely recollect which,) he threw himself into the lake of Geneva, and was drowned.



Weep on sorrow, shed her store of
Flood upon flood, to the damp grave fly,
That dear lip bear last fall ordinance dye,
Lest Time, Valour Bitter
Fear Time, Forgetting mildew,
Weep no more, thy cruel darting grave,
This earth has given,
Hush'd forever love fever and fear,
Thou hast equal look pass to endless sleep,
And the joys of heaven
The changing woes of this world replace.
Weep no more! oh! weep no more!
Wouldst thou renew
The orders that deck'd the worm before;
Wouldst thou in grovelling shape restore,
For the fadeless love,
The lighter wings that heavenward soar?

ARCH STREET THEATRE.

A CARD.

MRS. BLAKE respectfully announces her Benefit, and last appearance but one this Season, for Wednesday evening, May 13th, 1829, when such Entertainments will be presented, as she trusts will merit the patronage and approbation of her friends and the public. The Box Book is now open. may 9—tf

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

GRAND FANCY BALL.

THE Managers respectfully inform the public that having obtained ONE HUNDRED SUBSCRIBERS, the Second Fancy Ball will take place on

THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 14, 1829.

The Decorations on this occasion, will be under the superintendence of Mr. Lewis, and will surpass, in Elegance and Splendour, those that were so universally admired at the last Ball.

SUBSCRIPTION, FIVE DOLLARS—for which one Gentleman's and two Ladies' Tickets will be issued.

NO SUPPER WILL BE GIVEN, but Refreshments for the Ladies' will be served at intervals, during the evening.

No person admitted under subscription price.

The Books are now open, but will be closed on Wednesday evening next. Gentlemen wishing to add their names to the present list, will do well to apply early to prevent disappointment, the subscription list being limited to Two Hundred.

A Committee of Gentlemen, to be selected from the Subscribers, will be appointed on Monday, who will have the entire direction of the whole.

may 9—tf

Grand Musical Festival at New York.

THE first ever at tempted in America and similar to those given with so much eclat in Europe, will take place at *NIBLO'S NEW AND SPLENDID* SALOON, Broadway, on Thursday, 14th May, inst.

The Public is respectfully informed, that a combination of talent will be concentrated at this Festival, consisting of most of the vocal and instrumental performers of eminence in the country, aided by members of the several Musical Societies in this city.

The most admired compositions of Handel, Hayden, Mozart, Beethooven, and Rossini will be performed.

The first act will consist of Sacred Music, the second Miscellaneous.

Principal Vocal Performers—Mrs. Austin, Madame Feron, Madame Brichta, Miss Pearson, Signor Rosich, Mr. Boyle, Signor Angrisani, Mr. Grear, and Mr. Horn.

Concerto Performers—Piano Forte, Miss Sterling; Harp, Mr. Powell; and Mr. Norton on the Trumpet.

The Chorusses will be numerous, and the band complete in every department, consisting of nearly 200 performers.

A splendid new Orchestra has been built for the occasion, and the whole under the direction of Mr. Horn, who has deferred his departure for Europe expressly to superintend this Festival.

After the Concert, refreshments of the choicest kind will be provided for the ladies, and the Banquet will conclude with a DRESS BALL.

Further particulars will be announced in a few days.

may 6—3t

ARCH STREET THEATRE.

The public is respectfully informed that the Young Lady who made so successful an appearance in the character of Lady Teazle, will make her second appearance on any stage, this evening, in the part of Juliana.

THIS EVENING, May 11,
Will be presented, Tolin's admired Comedy of the
HONEY MOON.

Duke Aranza,.....Mr. Wood.
Rolando,.....Mr. Blake.
Juliana, by a Young Lady, being her 2d appearance on any stage,
Volante,.....Mrs. Blake.
Zamora,.....Mrs. Greene.

The entertainments to conclude with the Comic Farce of the
REVIEW; OR, WAGS OF WINDSOR.

Caleb Quotem, in which character he will sing I'm Parish Clerk and Sexton Here, and the Nightingale Club.....Mr. Roberts.
Looney M'Twolter,.....Mr. Greene.
John Lump.....Mr. Mercer.
Grace Gaylove,.....Mrs. Talbot.
Lucy,.....Mrs. Greene.

On Tuesday evening, Miss EMERY'S Benefit, on which occasion will be performed Dr. M'Henry's Tragedy of THE USURPER, with other entertainments, as will be announced in the bills of the day.

On Wednesday, Mrs. BLAKE'S Benefit.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

Mr. HORN'S Farewell Benefit, previous to his departure for Europe, and positively the last appearance of *MADAME FERON MADAME BRICHTA, SIGNOR ROSICH, SIGNOR ANGRISANI, and MR. NORTON*, they being compelled to leave this city, to attend the Grand Musical Festival, at New York, on Wednesday.

THIS EVENING, May 11,
Will be presented the Opera of
THE MARRIAGE OF FIGARO.

Count Almaviva, in which he will sing, I'll love thee dearly, March to the Battle Field, The Austrian Trumpets bold Alarms, from the Siege of Belgrade, accompanied on the Trumpet, by Mr. Norton, and the Duetto, Ah deign a kind reply, with Madame Feron,.....Mr. Horn.
Susanna, in which she will sing, The Light Guitar, Cupid aid Me, composed expressly for her by Balducci, Di Piacer Mi Balza Il Cor, and, by particular desire, I've been Roaming,.....Madame Feron.

Between the pieces, Mr. Horn, by desire, will sing Said a Smile to a Tear, accompanied by himself on the Piano Forte.

After which, Mr. Norton will play the Grand Inauguration March, composed by himself, upon the Splendid Silver Trumpet, presented to him by S. Simpson, Esq. of the Park Theatre, New York.

To conclude with the celebrated Comic Opera, altered from Il Fanatico, per la Musica, entitled
TRIONFO DELLA MUSICA.

Composed by Simone Meyer, with additions by Puecitta, Cimorosa, &c. &c.

Mr. Boyle will preside at the Piano Forte.

To-morrow evening, will be presented the WOODMAN'S HUT, and other Entertainments.

On Wednesday, the FRENCH CORPS DE BALLET.

The Subscription List for the next GRAND FANCY BALL, the decorations of which will far surpass the former in elegance and splendour, is now open at the Box Office of the Theatre.

Due notice will be given of HERR CLINE'S first appearance.

Doors will open at a quarter past 6 o'clock, and the Curtain rise at a quarter past 7.

PHILADELPHIA:

MONDAY EVENING, MAY 11, 1829.

A volume has been completed of the *Critic*, a weekly literary miscellany published at NEW YORK, which we have already taken occasion to recommend to our readers. The undertaking of the editor, Mr. WILLIAM LEGGET, was exceedingly arduous; and, having observed that it has been executed with an unusual degree of industry and talent, we are pleased to learn that he has met with patronage sufficient to encourage him to commence a second volume with "augmented ardour." We give an extract from the prefatory remarks accompanying the number published on Saturday; and perhaps it may be well to add that our only acquaintance with the editor is derived from his published works.

"The plan of the Critic will continue to be essentially the same as heretofore. The only variation is, that we shall hereafter admit, and hereby invite, well written Tales, Miscellaneous Articles, and Strictures on subjects which come within the Fine Arts Department of our paper, The Reviews of Books, Dramatic Notices, and all other prose Articles, will, in future, as formerly, be attended to solely by ourself. In adopting this determination originally, we were actuated, not by a belief that we can write better or more fluently than many others; but by a wish to preserve a consistency of opinion, and a degree of accountableness, which Reviews, differently conducted, must always lack. When a critic knows that his name is before the public as a guaranty for the correctness of his decisions, he will examine the subjects that fall under his inspection with a degree of care, and pronounce upon them with greater candor, than can always be looked for in anonymous criticisms. These were the considerations which originally governed us in forming our plan; and these are the motives which we still avow in continuing to keep the departments we have named under our exclusive control. The task of criticism is by no means a pleasant one. He who undertakes to review the current literary productions of the day, is frequently called upon to administer censure; and censure, to a sensitive mind, is at all times a disagreeable duty. In this part of our office, we have always endeavored to be governed by a spirit of fairness and candor; and if any of our decisions have been incorrect, the error has resulted from incompetency of judgment, not from design. In our condemnation of unworthy books, we have uniformly striven to spare the feelings of the author; but the writer and his work are so intimately connected, that it is not always easy to be done. In our notices of the Drama, we have been governed by the same sentiments as have dictated the spirit of our literary reviews to elevate the character of the stage, and make it a school of morals, as well as a place of refined amusement, has been our constant aim."

Lord WELLINGTON has received unbounded praise, as an able parliamentary leader, during the present session, and principally from those who predicted his speedy failure when he assumed the duties of PRIME MINISTER. As his speeches always possess the merit of brevity, we copy one which has been singled out, by the LONDON editors, as a remarkable specimen of his readiness and decision. Lord WINCHILSEA, on moving for returns of the ROMAN CATHOLIC CLERGY in IRELAND and ENGLAND, had attacked the ministry with his usual warmth. The whig reporter of the SUN says that the house was electrified with the reply of the DUKE, who had entered in the midst of the proceedings, and evidently laboured under a severe cold. The EARL OF WINCHILSEA, he adds, looked round in astonishment, and the DUKE OF SUSSEX was convulsed with laughter.

"My Lords, it is not my intention to make any objection to the production of any documents which can elucidate the points to which the Noble Lord has called your Lordships attention.—(Hear, hear.)—But I must observe, that if the Noble Lord supposes the Government can give him any information upon the subjects to which his motion relates, he cannot have looked very deeply into the Acts of Parliament which relate to those matters, either as they refer to this Country, or to Ireland.—(Hear, hear.)—In fact from Ireland there can be no return. If he will only look into the Acts of Parliament he will see that the Government can have no return of the Roman Catholic Clergy of any description. If the Noble Lord will take the trouble of looking into the Acts he will find that though the Act of 1791, requiring the Clergy to register their names with the Government, yet there is nothing to show the numbers of those who may have been registered, who are now living or who may be dead, or who may not have been registered at all. Under these circumstances, though by looking through a variety of documents and reports, and referring to a variety of transactions with Ireland, we may be able to procure some information yet, is positively certain that we cannot make any returns, such as the Noble Lord has moved for; yet every thing that can be done to assist him, I can most positively assure your Lordships shall be done, though I cannot answer for the accuracy of the returns, nor the time at which they can be produced Having said thus much respecting the immediate subject of the Noble Lord's motion, I might perhaps, sit down without making another observation. Your Lordships will not expect me now in answer to what the Noble Lord has stated respecting the Bills produced by my Right Honourable Friend in the other House, to enter into a discussion upon them.—(Hear.)—My Lords, I retain the opinion, and I again re-assert the opinion which I stated respecting the Bills, when I had occasion to advert to them some few nights ago. The Noble Lord says my statement was a fallacious statement.—My Lords, I will support that statement against the Noble Lord, or against the statement of any body else, whenever those bills come under the consideration of this House. (Continued cheers.) In the meantime, I think myself excused from entering further into the subject at present, or from following the Noble Lord through the extracts he has read from a book entitled "Catholicism in Austria," and lately published in this country, which is, in some respects, a valuable book, but which has nothing to do with this question—indeed the author, in the only question which relates to this question, has shown himself entirely ignorant of the basis on which it rests in this country. Well then the Noble Lord has been pleased to refer to me, and to say that I have conducted myself in an arbitrary manner in respect to this question. My Lords, I believe I have done my duty as his Majesty's servant in concert with my noble colleagues. Having considered it for the interest of this country, that this question should be considered and decided upon in this Session of Parliament, I advised his Majesty to state what was stated in his speech on the first day of the session. I afterwards, in conjunction with my Noble Colleagues, and my Right Hon. Friends in the other House, advised his Majesty to have those Bills submitted to Parliament, and with his Majesty's sanction, and with his Majesty's support, (cries of hear, hear, hear,) *and with his Majesty's support* I have brought these measures forward. My Lords, I say, in doing that I have done that which became me as a Minister of this country; (hear, hear, hear,) and my colleagues, in joining me, have likewise done that which became them in their duty as the Ministers of this country. I did not go into a Committee of Parliament in order to seek for the sanction of the Committee with a view to bring forward these measures.—No! I come forward with them upon my own responsibility; and these measures in my opinion will tend to the benefit, to the happiness, and to the tranquillity of the country.—(Cheers.) The Noble Lord, following the example of a Noble Duke, has said, that I am going to introduce Popery and arbitrary power into this country—I deny the fact.—(Great cheering.)—I say let the measures be viewed on their own grounds. I say the religion of this country will not be changed one iota, but on the contrary, that the measure of that Act will particularly tend to strengthen the Protestant Constitution, and will tend to remedy some of the very defects which the Noble Lord himself has pointed out in the course of the speech which he has made to the House.—(Cheers.)—It is not necessary that I should follow him into the last part of what he has been pleased to state respecting a new Administration. In announcing this Administration to your Lordships he has brought forward two intentions, which will appear no doubt to be highly plausible to the present Parliament,—one is the Desolution, of Parliament,—and the other, the Reform of Parliament. Now, I beg to inform him that I heartily wish he may carry those intentions into execution if he should happen to be my successor —(Laughter)—but I can tell him I have no intention to undertake either the one or the other, as my intention is to persevere in the measures to which I am already a party, not entertaining even the slightest doubt that by such perseverance, and with your Lordships support, I shall be able to carry them to a final and happy end,—(The Noble Duke sat down amidst tremendnous cheers from all parts of the House, which was much crowded.")

COBBETT, in one of his late REGISTERS, boasts in these terms of his corn-fed family:—"The following propositions will be denied by nobody that does not covet a broomstick; that paleness is a *sign* of feebleness, if not of ill health; that as soon as a body becomes dead, its cheeks are pale, that when a person from whatever cause, faints, the blood totally leaves the cheeks; and that, in short, a pale face is a sure sign of want of vigorous health. Now these premises being undeniable, I shall first state a fact, and then throw out my challange. The fact is this: that during the last three months or thereabouts, no wheat, or any thing proceeding from wheat, and no sort of a thing usually obtained from a grocer; or in other words, no sort of thing which is not the produce of the soil of England; that none of these things have been consumed under the roof of my farm house. Now, then, my challenge is this: there are twelve of us under this roof, who live in the manner aforesaid, without wheat or any thing proceeding from wheat, and without any thing not produced from the land in England. And I hereby offer to bet any man a hundred pounds, that he does not find, under any one roof, nay, under any six roofs, any twelve persons that have so many square inches of red upon their cheeks as are to be found by due admeasurement upon the cheeks of the twelve who live under this roof, and who feed in the manner above spoken of. I have kept this farm house for more than a year, without wine, without spirits, without sugar, tea, coffee, or any sort of grocery; without any of these having made their appearance under this roof, though, observe, I have never been without two women in the house: these things have I done for more than a year, and no doctor or apothecary has ever set his foot within the doors of this farm house, during the whole of that time; though, let it be observed, I am one of the first to apply for medical assistance for any body in my house, in case of even the appearance of illness. But we have had no illness: the accursed tea has not been here to shake our nerves; and the brandied wine, and the vitrioled spirits; and the abominable brewers poison have been kept away from under this roof, and we have been well; though close upon the border of a marshy meadow, which, I was told, would give us all agues and typhus fevers. Now, if people will not live as we live, let them be ill, say I; I have no pity for them. They are drunkards and gluttons; for drunkenness and gluttony are only things of degree. In short, if people will not restrain themselves from those indulgences which cause sickness, sick they will be, and sick they ought to be."

ITEMS.

On Saturday night or Sunday morning, one of those gentle zephyrs that make our May so pleasant blew down the willows that stood on each side of the Southern gate of the State-House Yard.

The hog-catchers are abroad; and about thirty swine we understand, were captured before noon to-day.

The wife of one of the scene shifters at the Tremont Theatre, Boston, being in a room behind the scenes, a few evenings since, towards the close of the performance, suddenly fell, and died instantaneously, probably from an attack of apoplexy. She had been there during the evening in apparent good health.

Miss Clara Fisher is playing at Albany. Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, and Miss Phillips, having concluded their engagement here, have left town for Boston.

The Chesapeake and Delaware Canal will be navigable by the first of July. The deep cut on this Canal, is said to be one of the greatest works of human skill and ingenuity in the world; the greatest perpendicular of which is upwards of seventy feet, the whole length four miles, and over the deepest part a bridge of one arch is thrown, with a span of 250 feet.

Jacob K. Boyer, convicted of passing counterfeit notes of U. States Bank, was sentenced on Saturday to 18 years imprisonment at hard labour.

A tornado passed over Buzzardtown, near Halifax, N. C. recently. Among other things the daughter of Mr. T. P. Neville, was thrown out of the house with such violence as to fracture her skull, the dwelling house was prostrated even to the ground sill, and the knives and forks carried half a mile.

Mr. Geo. W. Decker, of Gorham, Me. was killed on the 20th ult. while blowing rocks upon the Canal near Portland, by an explosion while he was charging. He languished 24 hours after he was hurt. His daughter who had just brought him his dinner was also hurt, but will recover.

The Canadian Giant, who is exhibiting himself at New York, was once a sailor on board a coasting vessel, and made several voyages to Boston.

Says the New-York Journal of Commerce, "considering the size of American newspapers, and the quantity of matter, they are unquestionably cheaper than any thing else of the kind, the world over."

The Boston Statesman says, "Madame Feron, the melodious," started from New York, last week, in one of the packets for Liverpool. This is rather premature, as the lady in question is delighting fashionable audiences at the Chesnut street theatre—*vide* our advertising columns.

A "flying stationer" in Carlisle, Eng. hawking about in the streets a phamphlet, gave the following description of it:—"Here you have a full account of the duel between Wellington and Winchilsea, and all the particulars how that great battle was fought, for the charge of one half-penny."

The number of Steam-boats belonging to the ports of Great Britain, excluding government vessels, is 310—tonnage 26,374. To London belongs 74.

The exhibition at the New York National Academy of Design open this day.

The New York Gazette mentions that the intention of concluding the musical festival, on Thursday, with a dance, has been abandoned.

The Mayor of St. Johns, N. F. in consequence of the pecuniary embarrassment of the times, has determined not to give permission for any Theatrical exhibitions.

Major General Scott, who has received a furlough until December next, has arrived in New-York, on his way to join his family in France. He has taken passage in the St. George, to sail for Havre on the 15th.

A man the other day, speaking of the backwardness of the spring, said—"We shall never have warm weather as long as the snow continues on the mountains—and I'm certain the snow will never get off the mountains until it is warm weather."

A fire occurred at Patterson, N. J. on the evening of the 28th ult. Nine horses were burnt. The Intelligencer estimates the loss at probably two thousand dollars. The Friday night after, a barn was burnt on the Bergen side of the river, opposite that place.

A school master in the western part of New-York, was recently dismissed because he wrote for a copy for one of his scholars "Hail Masonry science divine."

Mr. Alpheus Bugbee, Jr. of Waterford, Vt. deliberately loaded his gun, on the 6th ult. on pretence of shooting some blue jays, went to a cider-mill, near the house, discharged the gun, pointed at his throat, and was found weltering in his blood.

MORE THAN A "WHOLE HOG."—A new born pig has been left for inspection at the Savannah News Room, which has two snouts, two tongues, and three eyes. Oh, Polyphemus! No doubt, a pig so blessed with tongues, will be able to grunt Greek grandly.

Miss Kelly and Mr. J. Wallack are both playing at the Park theatre, New York, with their usual taste and spirit. Mr. W. soon returns to England.

Mr. Joseph Gillman, of Mount Vernon, Me. was killed on the 28th ult. by being kicked in the breast by a horse on his way home from Augusta.

Some disturbance was caused at Taunton, R. I. last week, by the reduction of wages in one of the manufacturing establishments. About sixty female weavers left their employ, and three of the factories were, in consequence, partially or wholly stopped, and will be unable to resume their operation, till new hands are employed.

The brig Hannah has arrived at New Haven in 67 days from Guadaloupe, with a cargo of molasses—experienced tremendous gales—stove 50 hhds. molasses—crew on allowance 28 days of half a biscuit and a morsel of beef per day.

COMMUNICATION.

MR. HORN'S BENEFIT.

To night, in addition to the Italian Opera which has proved so attractive, Mr. HORN gives the delightful *Marriage of Figaro*. It is to be hoped that this accomplished performer will be rewarded amply. His talents as a vocalist are fresh in the memory of all who delight in the "concord of sweet sounds;" and who, that has heard the specimens he has given us of his skill on the piano, will deny that he touches that instrument with exquisite taste? His compositions, too, possess great beauty; and several singers, who have been great favourites here, were never heard with more pleasure than when they gave us his songs. It has been mentioned that he returns to Europe shortly, designing to revisit us in the course of the year, and perhaps then to remain here. If such artists meet with sufficient encouragement to fix their permanent residence in this country, we shall not long have occasion to cross the ocean for the gratification or improvement of our taste. C.

FOR THE DAILY CHRONICLE.

CHESNUT STREET THEATRE.

At Madame FERON'S benefit, on Saturday, we had a rich display of vocal talent. *Il Trionfo della Musica* was performed for the third time, and would bear a dozen repetitions without cloying. CORN'S beautiful opera of the *Haunted Tower* has been one of the most successful ever produced on the English stage, and still continues deservedly to be popular. It's first run, at Drury Lane, was sixty successive nights, and, the next season, its attraction was but little abated. Since the time of Gay's unrivalled piece, no opera, except *Love in a village* and the *Duenna*, could boast of equal fortune; but to both these it must give way, in point of excellence and popularity. The characters of the *Haunted Tower* are well drawn and varied with considerable skill, and its music has always been highly prized. HORN'S three songs all belong to the piece, and were executed in his happiest manner; particularly the celebrated *Spirit of my sainted sire.* In this he was aided by NORTON'S unrivalled trumpet, the tone of which tells, in a moment, of what metal it is made. LORD WILLIAM afforded little chance to display acting talent, being, like many other opera heroes, a mere vehicle for the music.—HORN did all that was requisite; and what can an actor do more! Madame FERON is unquestionably one of the best singers ever heard in this country, and, with one exception perhaps, possesses the finest voice. If I had the knowledge and skill with which most critics are furnished, though heaven knows where some have acquired them, I would enter deeply into the subject, and point out minutely the peculiar beauties of this charming singer's science and execution, and all that. But being even professedly ignorant of these matters, I leave the illumination of the public to those who, being equally so in fact, are more ready to teach what they don't know. One thing I do know however, that Madame FERON is a delightful singer and that, when she leaves us, few will regret the loss more than myself. Her performance of *Adela* was spirited and agreeable.

The elder JEFFERSON'S *Baron* was a very diverting piece of awkward nobility, and pleased the audience as much as any thing he has played for sometime; no doubt because it was more strictly within the bounds of nature than some things he exhibits. Few actors, I think, could have turned the conceited old Lord out of their hands in a shape more amusing. I was particularly struck with the delivery of his off hand set speech. His anxiety to keep the paper hidden in his hat, and his ludicrous distress when he found it had been stolen, were done with great humour. The rest of the men's parts were creditably performed, especially *old Hugo* by HATHWELL; and *Lady Elinor*, though little more than a walking personage, was rendered interesting by Mrs. ROWBOTHAM'S elegant appearance and deportment. I could not, however, for the life of me, make out why, on a side view, she displayed such amplitude of person. Perhaps it was the fashion of the olden time. History says that the ladies, in those days, instead of wasting so much material in their sleeves, packed it somewhere else, but where, remains a secret. Miss JEFFERSON'S *Cecily* pleased me more than any thing I have yet seen from her. I thought she seemed more like the sister of JOHN than usual. The young lady need not be alarmed. The resemblance was not in the matter of beauty, but in the style of acting—a much more important matter. The opera, throughout, was better performed than I recollect ever to have seen it.

And now a word or two on another subject. The audience were twice insulted, in the course of the evening, by some worthless fellow, or light-headed *lady*, in the upper row of boxes.—This sky-lark, as I understand it is the fashion for the tenants of this nest to call themselves, threw on the stage something probably picked up in the street, and brought to the theatre for the purpose. This offence first took place during the performance of the English opera, and was repeated near the close of the Italian. The object of this vulgar attack appeared to be the principal actor in these pieces, as the article thrown, in both instances, fell near him. Still, I am loath to believe that he was actually aimed at, as his professional conduct among us has been uniformly the reverse of that which could have procured him an enemy. I have no personal acquaintance with this meritorious performer, but of his private character I have heard none but creditable reports. On the stage, an actor stands so defenceless against the insults of any miserable poltroon who may choose to assail him, that even an enemy, with the slightest spark of spirit, would scorn to wreak his ill will in a manner so contemptible. Perhaps the indecency was only the bravado of some aspiring youth, to win the smiles of the surrounding nymphs. Or perhaps the missile was sent by the hands of one of the gentle creatures, whose soft and melodious voices are often excited by the nectar which they sip, or by other causes equally potent, to a pitch above the key of the most powerful singer on the stage.

If the police officers attached to the theatre are incompetent to preserve order in this upper region, would it be impolitic or unprofitable to close the entrance to it entirely, and let the present tenants locate themselves elsewhere?

QUIN.

On Saturday evening, about a quarter before six, Mr. William Brown, cabinet maker, attempted to part two dogs, fighting in the yard of a stable in Harmony Court; when he was struck senseless by a blow on the head from a pitchfork in the hands of the hostler. He was taken home and put to bed. The application of 80 leeches restored his senses about 2 o'clock on Sunday morning. The scull is not broken, but the injury is very great. The hostler, we understand, has been committed.

On Monday last, the Messrs. Fowlers, of Massachusetts, sub-contractors of Richard Canfield & Co. of Connecticut and New York, completed the 78th. section of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal, and became entitled to the Company's silver medal, of the value of twenty dollars, as a premium for their diligence. The section is half a mile long, the avarage cutting, in depth, 5 feet 9 inches, the greatest 7 1-3 feet, and in the least 4 1-2 feet. The Canal is 60 feet wide at the surface of the water, 42 feet at bottom, and the intended depth of water 6 feet. The earth excavation comprehends 30,550 cubic yards, and the total cost of the section, including the price of grubbing, and exclusive of the premium, is $2,544 60. The section was began on the 15th of January last, and is 43 miles from the basin which terminates the Canal between Georgetown and Washington. The section lies within the estate of the venerable Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, and is the next above Noland's Ferry, between, the flourishing towns of Leesburg, in Virginia, and Frederick, in Maryland.

One of the steam-boats a few days since, from Albany to New York, on her passage down the river, near Poughkeepsie, ran upon a canoe with three men in it, who had set out to cross the stream. The boat had approached so near before the canoe was discovered, that there was no time for escape, and it ran directly over it.—The small boats were immediately let down, and the three men were picked up alive, a few rods in the rear of the boat. Two of them were severely bruised, though not supposed to be dangerous. The other escaped uninjured. He stated that as he saw the wheel of the boat approaching him, he succeeded in diving under it so as to prevent its touching him.

The Eastern stage arrived in Harrisburg on Tuesday evening last, at ten minutes past seven o'clock, which was considerably earlier than it was before known to arrive. It left Philadelphia at the usual time in the morning, (3 o'clock) and had the usual number of passengers on board. The distance is *ninety eight* miles.—*Harrisburg Reporter.*

About the 6th of January last a single woman, named Sarah Cadbirth, residing at West Point, was accused of having put to death her infant child. A coroner's inquest sat upon the body, and a verdict of wilful murder was returned against the mother. As the place where the

crime is alleged to have been perpetrated is within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States Court, the prisoner will be tried at the next Circuit Court of this city, which will be held before Judge Thompson, the last Monday in May. Judge Betts issued a warrant yesterday for the woman to be brought to New York, and to be lodged in Bridewell.—*N. Y. paper.*

An honest Hibernian, who was engaged in blasting rocks at Jack's Rifts, on the Seneca river, last week was raised from the mother earth some fifteen or twenty feet, by the sudden explosion of a charge, which, after being primed and combustible materials placed over it, he was trying to ignite by blowing with his mouth.—He was thrown a considerable distance, and on alighting was found without having received any serious injury, and explained to those who expressed surprise at his hasty departure, that he had no idea she would go off so soon.

At the late spring term of the Circuit Court, and general goal delivery, which closed last Friday at Newburg, N. Y., Edward Shute was mulcted in damages $275 for seduction. At the same court a verdict of $75 was obtained against John Thew, for a breach of promise of marriage. The plaintiff was a widow, with six children—the defendant an infirm man, near 40 years of age. A verdict was also rendered against Jesse Weeks of $235, for slandering David Mapes.—The parties were rival candidates at the last election for the office of justice of the peace, and it appeared that considerable warmth and violence was exhibited at the polls. Weeks charged Mapes with stealing sheep and hens some ten or twelve years ago, but was unable to sustain the charge.

Isaac Schoonoven indicted for burglary, was found guilty and sentenced to the state prison for life. He is an old offender, having been pardoned once by the executive and released from confinement, into which he had been placed, for the crime of arson.

John Lee indicted for stealing from the pews of the Episcopal Church in Newburg, a number of Bibles and Common Prayer books, valued at about $50—found guilty and sentenced to the state prison for four years.

MONTAGNE RUSSE.

Col. John Stevens, of Hoboken, who is one of the most persevering, and successful machinists of our country, and whose name will be identified with one of the most important benefits ever conferred upon the internal commerce of the United States, we mean the introduction o steam navigation, has lately erected at his seat at Hoboken, one of those machines called in France *Montagnes Russes*. It is composed of two long parallel iron rods attached at one end to the top of a high frame, and at the other end fastened to posts near the ground. A car with four wheels and a seat for passengers runs on these rods. It is driven to the highest point of the machine by means of an immense weight attached to a rope and pulley, and having arrived there it returns by its own gravity. This is, we believe, the first instance of such a machine constructed in this country. On the continent of Europe a ride on *Montagne Russe* is a common and favorite amusement.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

The pedestrian whose feat we noticed a few days ago, performed, yesterday afternoon, another of still more surprising activity. By public notice, he was in 75 minutes to take up 100 corn cobs, each placed a yard's distance from the other, and all with his teeth, and drop them from his mouth, successively, in a basket placed at the point from whence he originally started. The actual space travelled is computed to be above 5 3-4 miles: but the superadded exertion of stooping down to take up the cobs, it is supposed makes it about 7 miles in point of exertions. He succeeded in 45 minutes 15 seconds. —*Charleston Gaz.*

Mr. Ternaux, the celebrated manufacturer in France, employs, in his double capacity of agriculturist and manufacturer, upwards of five thousand workmen. He has lately brought into use a machine for opening and cleaning wool, and others for milling and washing cloth, invented by M. Charbon. The consumption of his cloth and cassimere in Paris, is said to be prodigious, particularly as he has established tailors of his own, to oppose the monopoly which the others possessed, and who are now making coats of the best possible quality at from forty-five to eighty francs each.

A facetious parson of a country parish, was employed some years since to unite a rustic pair in the holy bands of matrimony. As soon as the knot was tied, "well sir" says Jonathan, 'what's the damage?' 'Nothing I hope,' replies his reverence, 'if there is any done it is none of mine; 'you alone are answerable for the proceedings of this evening.' 'But I mean, sir, what's to pay?' 'O that depends on circumstances.' 'When I marry a couple, if the bridegroom is rather indifferent to his bride, he hands over a legal fee, four and six pence.—If he is pretty fond of her he will pay a dollar or a crown.—If he is very deeply in love, he will not think of giving less than a couple of dollars or a couple of crowns.'

The want of a road from the Seigniory of Beauharnois to communicate with the township of Godmanchester, along the shore of the lake St. Francis, has been long felt. It is very gratifying to think there is now some prospect of this desirable object being effected, as the liberality of the Legislature has voted a sum which, though insufficient to complete the road, will be the means of opening it, and preventing such melancholy accidents as the one that took place on Thursday last, during the tremendous gale. John Bryson and Narcisse Sarault, who were employed by Mr. Brown to look after timber, cut on the lands belonging to Mr. Ellice, in the township of Godmanchester, embarked in a small canoe, (the only means of conveyance at this season,) about nine in the morning, a little below the mouth of river La Guerre, with Charles Desvoyaux dit Desjardins, and an old man, *quite blind*, called Lafantasie, for the purpose of returning to Beauharnois. The day was fine and calm, till about one o'clock, when it began to blow hard, it soon increased to a gale, and the canoe took in a good deal of water at the stern, which they endeavoured to throw out with a pair of sabots belonging to the old man; but the gale became still more violent, and when about a quarter of a mile below the Pointe du Lac, or Grasse Pointe de Beauharnois, they shipped a tremendous sea, which filled the canoe and upset it. They all clung to it, and Lafantasie, having been a *voyageur*, called to them to endeavour to right the canoe; this they effected, and the old man again got on board, but another wave struck it, and Sarault and Desjardins sunk to rise no more. Bryson and his companion succeeded in getting on the bottom of the canoe, which kept drifting towards the shore, but the strength of the latter gradually failed, and he soon shared the fate of the others—the former still kept his hold, till the recoiling waves carried him out again. He then took to swimming, and being severely bruised against the rocks, and buffetted by the waves, he was driven nearly senseless upon the shore. He had strength enough left to walk to James Knight's house on the point, the only habitation within three miles, where he obtained some refreshments, and arrived at home the same evening, in a very exhausted state. Desjardins has left a wife and three young children, in very indigent circumstances, to lament his fate. He formerly possessed land in Beauharnois, but he has lately purchased a lot at Riviere a la Raquette, and came down for the purpose of conveying his wife and family to that place.—*Montreal Gazette.*

Trenton N. J. May 9.—On Tuesday evening last, a man by the name of Simon L. Harman, (called Doctor Harman,) who had been in this city for some days, and whose conduct had excited suspicion, was arrested, and examined the next morning before David Johnson, Esq. on a charge of knowingly passing counterfeit money. On the examination, two twenty dollar counterfeit bills were found upon him; and also a memorandum which seemed to be a direction to find something hidden in a hole in the ground on the bank of the Schuylkill, at Philadelphia. No other money was found upon him then, but one witness made affidavit that he had seen him a short time previous, display several thousand dollars in notes, four of which were for four thousand dollars each, which he believed were post notes on one of the Delaware banks. The notes found on the prisoner were on the bank of Wilmington and Brandywine, letter B, dated July 4, 1823, signed Evan Thomas, cashier, John Torbert, president, and payable, one to C. Adams, the other to J. Holt. The necessary information was forwarded to the police of Philadelphia; but we have not learned whether the officers of that city have met with success in searching the place designated in the memorandum above referred to. From the other papers found upon Harman, it seems that he has lived in the county of Cape May, in this State, and that he has friends there. Last February, however, he was in Arch street prison, Philadelphia. He has been committed for trial; and we leave the gentleman, where he will doubtless receive that punishment which, on a full investigation, he may be found to deserve.—*American.*

A REAL VERMONTER.

A large wagon, with wheels standing eight or nine feet in height, attracted the gaze of the multitude in one of our business streets, yesterday afternoon. The great diameter of the wheels enables the teamster with a single pair of horses to transport a load of five tons of merchandise upon his vehicle, over the mountainous road between this city and Montpelier, Vermont. The carriage at a little distance resembles a steam engine. A sailor in a red baize shirt surveyed the machine from stem to stern, and swore that he had been to England and France, Spain and Portugal, besides making three whaling voyages, but that he had never fallen in with such a queer rigged craft as this before.—*Boston Daily Advertiser.*

An honest Tar hired a horse to carry him a few miles, but before he had gone many yards he found he possessed all the faults of many of the unfortunate four-footed hirelings of the road, such as blindness, lameness, stumbling, &c. The sailor, however, (having been unshipped twice with very little ceremony in the length of half a mile, by the creature falling on his knees,) hit upon a very whimsical mode of curing the impediment—which was by tying a large stone to his tail; and in that way rode several miles, saying "it was the only thing to prevent the ship's going too much ahead."

OHIO SHARP SHOOTERS.

The saying is, that the backwoodsmen can shoot out a musqueto's eye at a hundred yards distance. We are not exactly prepared to 'go the whole hog' in endorsing this assertion, but state the following fact, on the authority of the Lebanon Democrat of Saturday last.—On the 15th 16th and 17th inst. sixteen persons in Washington township, Warren county, killed six thousand one hundred and two squirrels!—127 a day for each man, and six over.

From the Saco (Maine) Palladium, of May 6.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

We have learned the following particulars of the trial of James Murphy of Kennebunk-port, for the murder of his wife in November last. The trial commenced on Friday morning, in the meeting-house at York, before a full court.

The most material witnesses called by the government were Deshon and his wife, neighbors of Mr. Murphy, (living within 80 rods of him,) several children of the prisoner, and Dr. Langdon. Deshon testified that a daughter of Murphy, about 4 or 5 years of age, came running to his house between 12 and 1 o'clock on Thanksgiving day, saying that "father was burning up mother;" but they being accustomed to such alarms from that quarter, took no notice of the child: that in twenty minutes or half an hour after, a son of Murphy, 16 years old, came to them and said that "father had burned up mother;" witness and his wife and two men then ran to Murphy's house together: on opening the door they saw Murphy's wife lying on the floor in the middle of the room, on her right side, face towards the door; the clothes burned off from the lower part of the body, around which lay sticks and fire-brands; Murphy was sitting by on the floor *blowing with a pair of bellows the fire which was in contact with her limbs;* the woman appeared insensible, and witness and the persons with him, supposing she was dead, after removing the fire, wrapped a blanket round her, in the course of half an hour, she discovered signs of life and they sent off for a physician. There was very little fire in the fire-place of the room at the time. Murphy when asked what he was about, replied with an oath that, 'it was none of their business;' he was evidently intoxicated, but able to walk about. One of the children testified that Murphy some time before noon mixed some liquor and told his wife to drink it: she refused at first, but he threatening to throw it, tumbler and all, into her face, she drank it. How long before she became insensible after this took place did not appear. Dr. Langdon, who was called to see the woman, and dressed the wounds, had no doubt her death, which took place about three weeks after, was occasioned by the burning. Other physicians declared on the stand that according to Dr. Langdon's description of the state in which he found the woman, she must have died in consequence of being burned.

The children of Murphy, witnesses on the part of the prosecution, including a son 16, and a daughter 15 years old, discovered a disposition to criminate their father as much as in their power, and even seemed to take pleasure in testifying against him. The prisoner and his deceased wife were fully proved to have been long in the habit of beastly intoxication. They were not known to quarrel except when maddened by the effects of *rum*.

The defence set up by the counsel for the prisoner is said to have been ingenious and eloquent.

The Jury were charged by the Chief Justice, and Judge Weston. The former ascribed the whole transaction to the baneful effects of *Intemperance*, converting man into a demon. The Jury retired at about half past 8 o'clock, and in one hour, returned into court with a verdict of GUILTY. The court then adjourned to morning, when being met, sentence of death was pronounced on the prisoner by Chief Justice Mellen,—with much feeling and impressiveness. Murphy seemed unconcerned, as if indifferent to his fate, or unconscious of its terrible nature. The time and place for his execution remain to be fixed by the Governor and his counsel.

COMMUNICATION.

At the Coachmakers shop of Messrs. Jeffries & Nuttle, in South Fifth street, there may now be seen a *Hose Carriage*, constructed on an entire new plan, having two Cylinders, by means of which, attachments may be made to two Fire Plugs, and led to the fire at the same time. —It is intended for the use of the *Southwark Hose Company*, and reflects great credit, both on the ingenuity of the builders, and on the enterprise of the respectable Company for whose use it is intended. N.

SANDWICHES.

Lord Sandwich, when minister of state, having passed twenty-four hours at a public gaming table, was so absorbed in play during the whole time, that he had no subsistance but a bit of beef between two slices of toasted bread, which he eat without ever quitting the game. This new dish was ever afterwards, and is to this day, called by the name of the minister who invented it.

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Wm. E. Ashton, Mr. EZEKIEL COSTEN, to Miss SARAH ANN RUSSELL, both of Southwark.

DIED.

This morning, in the 47th year of his age, JAMES PLEASANTS, late of this city, merchant. His relatives, and friends, are particularly invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from the dwelling of his brother, Charles Pleasants, No. 5 South Eleventh street, to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

This morning, at 8 o'clock, Mr. JAMES B. SCOTT, in the thirty-eighth year of his age. His friends and acquaintances are particularly invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, Water, near Spruce street, on Wednesday afternoon, at 4 o'clock.

On Saturday evening, 9th inst. in the 21st year of his age, WILLIAM LANE DAVIDSON. His friends and acquaintances, and those of the family, are particularly invited to attend his funeral, this afternoon at 5 o'clock, from the dwelling of his father Nathan Davidson, No. 230 Vine street.

On the 8th inst. Mrs. MARGARET GROVES, widow of the late Michael Groves, aged 85 years.

At 4 o'clock, yesterday morning, after a short illness, Mrs. ELIZABETH JACOBS, wife of J. A. Jacobs, of this city, aged 40 years. Her friends and acquaintance are particularly requested to attend her funeral from her late residence No. 100 North Second street, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

HEALTH OFFICE, MAY 9, 1829.

INTERMENTS *in the City and Liberties of Philadelphia, from the 2d to the 9th of May.*

DISEASES.	Adult.	Child.	DISEASES.	Adult.	Child.
Apthæ,	0	1	Inflammation of the Brain,	0	1
Apoplexy,	1	0	—— of the Lungs,	4	6
Cancer,	1	0	—— of the Bowels,	1	0
Casualties,	0	1	—— of the Liver,	1	1
Consumption of the Lungs,	10	2	—Knee Joint,	1	0
Convulsions,	0	10	Measles,	0	1
Diseased Spine,	1	0	Mortification,	0	1
Dropsy,	2	1	Mania-a-Potu,	3	0
—— in the Brain,	0	4	Old Age,	3	0
Drowned,	1	0	Pleurisy,	2	0
Debility,	1	4	Scrofula,	0	1
Epilepsy,	1	0	Small Pox,	1	1
Fungus,	1	0	Still Born,	0	10
Found dead,	2	0	Sudden,	2	1
Fever,	1	1	Unknown,	0	1
—— Remittent,	0	1			
Gout,	1	0	Total,	91—41	50
Hives,	0	1			

Of the above there were, under 1 year, 30—from 1 to 2, 6—2 to 5, 8—5 to 10, 2—10 to 15, 3—15 to 20, 1—20 to 30, 3—30 to 40, 12—40 to 50, 6—50 to 60, 9—60 to 70, 3—70 to 80, 4—80 to 90, 1—90 to 100, 1—Total, 91.

Of the above interments, 5 were from the Alms House, and 13 people of colour are included in the total amount. By order of the Board of Health.

JOSEPH PRYOR, Clerk.

STATE OF THE THERMOMETER.

1829.	9 o'clock.	12 o'clock.	3 o'clock.
MAY, 3	44	48	48
4	50	52	52
5	57	63	65
6	62	70	70
7	67	77	76
8	63	70	70
9	59	62	65

☞ A respectable widow lady, formerly in good circumstances, with several children, has been, by misfortune, reduced to poverty. The past severe winter has completely stripped her of the little she possessed, and she is pressed for some arrears of rent. Hitherto shrinking from the thought of disclosing her distress, she has now consented to permit the *Publisher of the Saturday Evening Post* to make an appeal to the benevolent, who may be *able and willing* to relieve her suffering situation. Any contributions placed in his care, will be punctually applied as directed.

General Episcopal Missionary Society.

A Stated Meeting of the Board of Directors of the DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN MISSIONARY SOCIETY OF THE PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH, IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, will be held in the Society's Room, in the City of Philadelphia, on Tuesday, the 12th day of May, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

A Sermon will be preached before the Board, by the Rev. Alonzo Potter, of Boston, in St. James's Church, on the evening of the same day, at 7½ o'clock.

may 11—2t GEORGE WELLER, Secretary.

THE MUSEUM

Of Foreign Literature and Science,

No. 83—FOR MAY, 1829,

IS this day published, by E. LITTELL & BROTHER, No. 136 Chesnut street.

CONTENTS.—The Life and Times of William Laud, D. D., from the London Weekly Review; Dugald Stewart, from the Annual Obituary; the Legendary, from the Literary Gazette; Life and Adventures of Selkirk, from the Athenæum; Memoirs of Lieutenant John Shipp, from the Literary Gazette; Dr. Woollaston, from the London Weekly Review; West Indian Statistics, from the same; British American Colonies, from the same; French Songs, from the same; Letters from the Ægean, from the same; Mohammedan Pilgrimage, from the same; The Ellis Correspondence, from the same; Scientific Expedition to Egypt, from the same; The Ruined City, from the same; Twelve Years' Military Adventures, from the Literary Gazette; Travels in Arabia, from the London Weekly Review Granville's Travels in Russia, &c., from the Eclectic Review; Erskine on the Unconditional Freeness of the Gospel, from the same; The Old Sea-Port, from Blackwood's Magazine; Song to a Serenader in February, from the New Monthly Magazine; The Two Emelies, from Blackwood's Magazine; Stanzas, from the London Magazine; Humboldt's Cuba, from the Foreign Quarterly Review; Sunset Meditations, from Blackwood's Magazine; Lyrical Ballads, from the Literary Gazette; The Last Prayer of Mary Queen of Scots, from the London Weekly Review; Confessions of a Traveller, from the Athenæum; Expectation, from the New Monthly Magazine; Library of Religious Knowledge, from the London Weekly Review; Sadness and Mirth, from the New Monthly Magazine; Memoirs of the Chevalier Bayart, from the Monthly Review; The Ancestral Song, from Blackwood's Magazine; Original of the Shipwreck in Don Juan, from the United Service Journal; The Dawn, from the Lady's Magazine; Anecdotes of a celebrated Poet, from the same; The Nightingale Flower, from the same; The American Common-Place Book of Prose, from the same; Song, from the Asiatic Journal.

Literary Intelligence.—The Life and Adventures of Alexander Selkirk; Scenes of War; Biographical Sketches and Authentic Anecdotes of Dogs; Guide to the Universal Trader; Tales of the Wars of our Times; Geographical and Historical Account of the Great World; County Genealogies.

The Museum is published Monthly at $6 per annum. may 11—3t

Saunders' Pleading and Evidence.

TO-MORROW will be published by TOWAR & HOGAN, 1255 Market street, The Law and Evidence in civil actions, arranged alphabetically, with practical forms, and the Pleadings and evidences to support them. By John Sinecal Saunders, Esq. Barrister at Law, first American edition, in 2 vs. royal octavo. may 11—tf

A GENTLEMAN,

ABOUT 24 years of age, who has lately been affected in his mind, left his lodgings on the afternoon of the 8th inst. and has not since been heard of.—He is an entire stranger to the city and its vicinity, and, it is suspected, he may have wandered into the country, and has not been able to find his way back to the city.

He was clothed with a straw hat, without lining, a blue frock coat, black cloth vest, light coloured cassimere pantaloons, and shoes.

Any person who can give information of him to Dr. S. Jackson, at the South West corner of Sassafras and Eighth streets, will be rewarded for their trouble.

may 11—5t*

WILSON'S PANACEA.

Price reduced to $1 25 per Bottle.

THE very highly distinguished Citizens here, and those in other places, who have honored me with testimonials in commendation of their approbation of the wonderful and surprising cures performed by my Panacea, since its introduction and use, I hereby tender my sincere gratitude, and respectfully inform them and the public, that by the aid of a few friends, I have again been enabled to commence the sale and vending of my Panacea, at No. 9 Walnut street, near the wharf, under the Office occupied by the Officers of Customs of this Port. "By Justice only, the Widow's Son expects to aid the afflicted." THOMAS WILSON,

april 18—eo3m The Genuine Panacea Man.

In a garden in New Haven there has lately been found, imbedded in the earth, a masonic ornament called a "Past Grand Master's Jewel." The New Haven Advertiser mentions that the most singular circumstance connected with it is, that the date—[1762]—is anterior to the attainment by any mason in Connecticut, to the dignity of Grand or Past Grand Master; the lamented General Wooster, who was slain at Compo Point, having been the first master of the first lodge in that State. It has been suggested, and from the length of time it has evidently been buried, there is little doubt of the truth of the fact, that it belonged to an officer in the British service; and was lost when New Haven was visited by the British army, July 4th, 1777. The supposition is corroborated by the fact that the army approached the city over the ground where the medal was found.

ALMANACK.

1829. MAY.	SUN RISES.	SUN SETS.	HIGH WATER.	MOON'S PHASES.
11 SUNDAY	4 57	7 3	8 39	
12 TUESDAY,	4 56	7 4	9 34	
13 WEDNESDAY,	4 55	7 5	10 28	
14 THURSDAY,	4 54	7 6	11 26	
15 FRIDAY,	4 53	7 7	0 5	
16 SATURDAY,	4 52	7 8	0 41	
17 SUNDAY,	4 51	7 9	1 17	

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED.

Brig Acorn, House, Boston, 6 days, with mdze. to Grants & Stone.

Schr. Wm. Penn, Wing, 6 days from Boston, with mdze. to A. C. Barclay.

Schr. Herald, Hall, 7 days from Providence, with mdze. to Thomas & Martin.

Schr. Jane, Tripp, 6 days from New Bedford, with oil, candles, &c. to F. W. Morgan.

Schr. Superior, Wilcox, 4 days from Hartford, with mdze. to J. Palmer.

BELOW.

Brig Catharine, Davis, (of New York,) — days from New Orleans.

CLEARED.

Brig Benj. Franklin, Clark, Boston, A. C. Barclay.

Brig Palm, Lincoln, Boston, Grants & Stone.

Brig Caracas, Davis, La Guayra, P. S. Brown.

Schr. Perseverance, Everly, Maniokin River, Md. Grants & Stone.

Schr. Virginia, Oakley, New York, C. & F. King.

Schr. Gen. Jackson, Corey, Washington, N. C. Bevan & Humphreys.

Schr. Robert H. Stanton, Thompson, Baltimore, Joseph Hand.

MEMORANDA.

Steam boat from Newcastle, reports but one coasting schr. below.

Ships Rosseau, M'Levin, for Alexandria; Columbia, Lelar, Jr. Amsterdam; and Ruth & Mary, Brooke, for St. Thomas, went to sea yesterday morning, May 10.—The ships Globe, and Julius Cæsar, were at anchor below Liston's, this morning at 2 o'clock. The schr. Ann Eliza, L. Cornell, for Aux Cayes, went to sea on Saturday, 9th May.

NEW YORK, May 9.—Arrived, ship London Packet, Benedict, from Philadelphia, 2 days, with mdze. &c.

Brig La Plata, Wing, Leghorn, 86 days. Left, 11th Feb. ship States, Snow, of and for Baltimore, uncer.; brigs Potomac, Knapp, and Hope, Tyson, New York, 15 days; Evelina, do. unc.; Dove, of Boston, for Messina, ten days, the only Americans. 21st Feb. in sight of Cape de Gatt, spoke brig Hazard, Trott, 48 days hence, for Leghorn.

Brig Hanford, Pierce, 6 days from St. John N. B. with plaster and passengers.

Brig Mark, Amesbury, of Thomaston, St. Andrews, 8 days.

Schr. Climax, Cobb, Delaware Bay, 2 days. 7th inst. saw U. S. schr. Engineer, ashore on the beach opposite Lewiston, and an eastern schr. lumber loaded, ashore at the same place.

Below, one ship and 2 schooners.

Cleared, ship Bayard, Butman, Havre.

Ship Extio, Post, Mobile.

Ship Othello, Thorp, Charleston.

Ship Atlantic, Thompson, Trieste.

Brig Beaver, Higgins, Rochelle.

Sailed, barques Four-Sons, Gillett, Trinidad de Cuba; Columbus, Drinkwater, Antwerp, Isabella, Havens, Havana.

Brigs Peruvian, Churchill, New Orleans; Panther, Mix, Havana.

Passengers in the ship York, which sailed yesterday, for Liverpool—Robert Anderson and lady, of N. York; Mr. John Galloway, of Newcastle, Eng.; Mrs. Berrian, of New York; Theodore Ivanhoef, Esq. late consul General from Russia to the United States; E. T. Washburn, of Hartford; John D. Brown, of Sheffield, Eng.; Caleb S. Angrasius, of New York, Mr. Goddard, of Boston; Mr. Bolton, of Liverpool; Mr. Thomas Galloway, and Misses Mary Isabella, and Elizabeth Galloway, of Newcastle, Eng.; Mr. Coffin, of N. York; Col. Nichol, of 66th Regt., British Army; Mr. Berrian, of New York.

BOSTON, May 7.—Arrived, ship Eugene, Thaxter, New Orleans, 21st. S. W. Pass 22d April. Was towed down the River in the night.

Brig Chalcedony, King, Santos, 7th March, with sugar and hides. Left brig Sophia and Eliza, Smith, for Rio Grande, next day. the only American vessel.

Brig Sea Nymph, [Br.] Symonds, Sunderland, 20th March.

Brig Conseiller, Mann, Mariegalante, 18th April.—Spoke April 22, lat. 22, 23, lon. 64½, schr. Mariner, 16 days from New York for Porto Rico, who reported that on the 7th, at night, in a gale was run into by a schr. which stove in her starboard bow, sprung the foremast, &c.

Brig Scio, Fisher, Rio Janeiro, 20th Feb. May 1, Block Island, N. E. by E. 15 leagues, schr. Cyrus, from St. Johns N. B. for Philadelphia.

Brig Apthorp, Passarow, Bangor, Wales, 15th March.

Brig Lexington, Bradford, Gibraltar, 14th Feb. Spoke April 23, lat. 41½, lon. 56, brig Texel, from Charleston for Copenhagen.

Brig Mars, Ticomb, Calcutta, 16th. Sand Head, 22d Jan. Spoke Feb. 19, lat. 24, 45, lon. 57, 16, E. French ship Malgache, Courtin, dismasted and in distress, supplied her with provisions, she had been blown out of the harbour of Bourbon in a gale, 14 days before, together with about 12 sail of other vessels.

Brig Roxana, Miller, Havana, 15th April.

Schrs. Triton, Thompson, of Frankfort, Havana, 17th April; Gen. Brooks, Perley, St. Jago Cuba.

Cleared, brig Barclay, Clark, Philadelphia; schr. Leaper, Nickerson, Philadelphia.

NEW BEDFORD, May 3.—Arrived, brig Hope's-Delight, Harding, from Halifax, bound to Fall River.

5th.—Arrived, brig Betsey-&-Jane, Marston, from Baltimore.

7th.—Arrived, brig Wm. Thatcher, Howland, from the coast of Brazil, with 330 bbls. whale oil, 70 sperm.

Brig Lawrence, from Darien.

Cleared, brig Hope, Pope, Rotterdam; schr. Jane, Tripp, Philadelphia.

NEW HAVEN, Conn. May 7.—The brig Hannah, Hoods, master, has just arrived, in sixty-seven days from Guadaloupe. Reports which are received through persons who have boarded the Hannah in the Harbour, say, that she has experienced tremendous gales—lost sails and spars—was once knocked down, and continued in that situation several hours—expected that they were lost—stove about 50 hhds. molasses on deck, when the brig righted—afterwards leaked badly, and it was with difficulty that the pumps could keep her clear—had her dead lights stove in—was on allowance of half a buiscuit and a morsel of beef per day for 28 days—were supplied a few days before her arrival by a vessel bound to South America, Captain and hands well. The three vessels belonging to this port, for the safety of which there had been so much apprehension, have now all arrived.

Sailed, brigs Charles, Wooster, St. Barts; Orion, Beecher, Martinico; Shepherdess, Ward, St. Croix; Antoinette, Masters, St. Eustatia.

PROVIDENCE, May 7.—Arrived, schr. Domestic, Hall, Philadelphia.

Cleared, brig Marcia, Maybury, Havana.

SALEM.—May 6.—Arrived, brigs Lion, Potter, from Boston; Mary Elizabeth, do.

Sailed, schr. Nymph, Day, Philadelphia.

MARBLEHEAD, May 6.—Arrived, schr. Union, Messervey, from the Grand Bank, with 1700 fish. Spoke on the Bank, schr. Garland, with all her salt wet; schr. Crescent, with 500G.—the C. had spoken schr. Mary Frances, with her salt wet.

QUEBEC, May 2.—Arrived, brig Eliza Ann Jane, from Bristol.

A schr. from Mitis, with the wreck of the ship Montmorenci, saw much heavy ice in the Gulf; effected a passage on the north side. Saw a ship and a brig off Cape Ray.

The John Porter was off Cape Rozier on the 27th ult. Spoke a fishing schr. the master of which stated that he had fallen in with a new ship on the Grand Bank, water logged, and no person on board. John S. N. B. marked on her stern.

BALTIMORE, May 9.—Arrived, brig Reaper, Smith, 8 days from Boston.

A schr. coming to quarantine, supposed to be the Gil Blas, from St. Barts.

Cleared, ship Gulnare, Griffith, Liverpool via Charleston, S. C.

Brigs Valona, Russell, St. Barts, and a market; Pacific, Wood, New York.

Schrs. Minas, Dennis, Madeira, Cicero, Watts, Port au Prince.

ALEXANDRIA, May 8.—Arrived, brig Alexandria, Howe, Boston, coffee, fruit, nails, potatoes, &c.

Sailed, brig Kanawha, New Orleans.

$6 10 20,

A CAPITAL PRIZE of $1,000, is a whole Ticket, went through our fortunate hands on Saturday last, and is the highest prize from the Borough of Wilmington. We have paid the cash this day.

CLEMENTS & Co.

may 11—5t No. 16 North Fourth street.

WANTED TO RENT,

A SMALL house, situated in the neighborhood of Market street, and not further West than Fifth street, rent not to exceed $200 per annum. Apply at the Office of CHARLES P. LISLE,

may 11—2w No. 6 South Fifth street.

WANTED,

AN ARMOURER, who may feel disposed to take charge of an Armoury, one possessed of the requisite degree of skill may hear of a situation by applying at the Military Hall, Library street.

may 11—2t

TO ALL THE LADIES.

JUST published and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, THE LADIES LEXICON, and Parlour Companion, containing nearly every word in the English Language, and exhibiting the Plurals of Nouns, and the Participles of Verbs; being also particularly adapted to the use of Academies and Schools. By William Grimshaw, author of a History of England, &c. may 11—6t

HAUNTED TOWER.

NEAL & MACKENZIE, No. 201 Chesnut street, between the Theatre and Arcade, have for sale the following Operas Haunted Tower, Marriage of Figaro, Barber of Seville, Native Land, &c.

Also for sale as above, Memoirs of Madame Feron, by William Oxberry, Comedian; Rienzi, William Tell, Damon & Pythias, Virginius, My Aunt, Invincibles, My Uncle, Luke the Labourer, Fatal Dowry, Eighth of January, He Lies like Truth, Family Jars, Sweethearts and Wives &c. Every Dramatic Work of merit, republished as soon as received. may 11—eo3t

Saunders' on Pleading and Evidence.

ON Tuesday, the 12th inst. will be published by R. H. SMALL, No. 165 Chesnut street, The Law of Pleading and Evidence in Civil Actions, arranged alphabetically with practical forms, and the Pleadings and Evidence to support them, in 2 vs. royal 8vo. By John Sinecal Saunders, Esq. Barrister at Law.

In the press, Maddock's Chancery Reports, 6 vols. in 3; vol. 1st will be ready by the first week in June next. Subscriptions received as above. may 11—eo3t

REMOVAL.

J. S. RUSSELL,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public, that he has removed his Oil and Lamp Store from No. 68 to No. 161 Chesnut street, nearly opposite the U. S. Bank. Where he has for sale, a handsome assortment of LAMPS and Lamp Furniture elegant French VASES, 3 and 4 light CANDELABRAS, rich Mantle Clocks at prices very much reduced. Also, the best of

SPERM OIL,

Warranted pure, and with which the citizens can be regularly supplied, by having their names registered at the store. may 9—tf3t

THE AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

DAILY make INSURANCE on property of every description, from LOSS or DAMAGE BY FIRE, on terms as reasonable and LIBERAL as any similar Institution in the United States.

Applications at the Office, No. 101 CHESNUT STREET, either personally or by letter, promptly decided on. JOB HACON, Secretary.

may 7—tf

C. G. CHILDS,

HAS removed to No. 185 CHESNUT STREET, opposite the State House.

ENGRAVING executed in all its branches.

april 23—12t

GOLD.

AMERICAN, (new coinage) British, Portuguese, French, and Dutch Gold, Guineas and Sovereigns, for sale by

J. J. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,

Exchange Office, No. 35 South Third street.

april 8—tf

SCOTT'S WORKS.

JUST received and for sale by E. LITTELL & BROTHER, No. 136 Chesnut street, The Miscellaneous Prose Works of Sir Walter Scott, Bart. in 6 vs. may 8—tf

REMOVAL.

W. S. DILLINGHAM, DENTIST, has removed to No. 120 ARCH STREET, first door below Sixth street. april 18—eo6t

A SITUATION WANTED,

AS A HOUSEKEEPER, by a Lady, fully qualified to take charge of a family. Unexceptionable references will be given. Address A. I. at this Office. may 8—3t

Philadelphia Intelligence Office,

No. 8 South Fifth street, 3d door below Minor street,

PROCURES Houses and pasts, Borders, Clerks, Housekeepers, Journeymen, Apprentices, Porters, Bar Keepers, Coachmen, Waiters, Labourers, Seamstresses, Farming men, Grooms, Cooks, and House Servants of every description. Also Wet Nurses. To bind, white and coloured boys and girls, of different ages. Property to sell or let entered gratis.—The above establishment relies on the patronage of the public, and particularly on those in the habit of employing persons, whose notice of the same is respectfully solicited; and the proprietor will endeavour, aided by their patronage, to conduct it in such a manner as to give universal satisfaction, and make the office worthy of their confidence and support. Persons of every description, having good recommendations of references, will find every facility in supplying themselves with situations. may 11—dtf

Sales at Auction.

BY LIPPINCOTT & RICHARDS,

34 SOUTH FRONT STREET.

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, at the auction store, 3 mineral water fountains, 1 air pump, 1 generating vessel, &c.

Also, 12 bales first quality corks.

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, at the auction store, A general assortment of Groceries,

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, at Beck's Wharf, below Market street, 110 iron bound qr. casks dry malaga wine.

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, under Ralston & Lyman's Store, in Water, below Market street, 20 puncheons Jamaica rum.

To-morrow morning, at 11 o'clock, at the auction store, to close sales, 15 bales upland cotton.

To-morrow morning, at half past 10 o'clock, in Barclay's Stores, No. 38 South Wharves, near Walnut street, 56 hhds. copperas.

GEORGE P. BONNIN, AUCTIONEER,

No 68 Queen street, Southwark.

MOYAMENSING PROPERTY.

Executor's Sale of Real Estate.

On Wednesday, the 13th day of May, at the Merchants' Coffee House, at 6 o'clock, P. M, will be sold by public auction,

All that certain three story brick messuage and tenement, and lot or piece of ground, situate in the Township of Moyamensing, County of Philadelphia, on the South side of South street, and East side of Twelfth street, being the corner of said streets; containing 24 feet, 5 inches, and 2 eighths of the inch in front on South street, and 120 feet depth on Twelfth street, running to Small street, now called Bedford street. The whole subject to a ground rent of 30 dollars per annum. Clear of all other incumbrances. Title indisputable. The property of Mr. William G. Crease, deceased, and sold by order of Mr. John Webb, and Mr. J. Littleboy, Executors.

FURNITURE SALE.

By Postponement.

On Wednesday, at 10 o'clock, at No. 10 South Fifth street, removed for the convenience of sale,

Mahogany dining and other tables, chairs, settee, bedsteads, mattresses, bureaus, looking glasses, andirons, shovels and tongs, cooking utensils, &c. a quantity of good bed quilts, sheets, table linen, and a large assortment of women's wearing apparel, by order of Mr. Peter Snyder, Executor.

ADDITIONAL,

One chest, containing part of a Theatrical Wardrobe, and a chest of Coachmaker's tools.

Sales at Auction.

BY R. F. ALLEN, & CO.

73 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS.

To-morrow afternoon, at half past 2 o'clock, on a liberal credit,

60 packages fresh imported British and French Goods, comprising a large and general assortment, including, ans cloths, cassimeres, vestings, hosiery, cambric jaconets, muslins, silk hose, Gros de Naples, G

[illegible]

[illegible] Water Cement ... Delaware and Hudson Canal, in the town of Marbletown, and about seven miles from the entrance of said Canal into the side waters of the Hudson river. The quantity appears inexhaustible—and the quality we consider equal, if not superior, to any Water Cement found in the State of New York, or used in the construction of the Erie and Champlain Canals.

Signed, BENJAMIN WRIGHT.
JAMES B. JERVIS.

A constant supply of this Cement will be kept for sale at No. 16 Arcade, west side, by W. COLLINS, Agent for the Manufacturers, who will furnish directions for its use. april 25—3w3w

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of DANIEL M'CORMICK, deceased, are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them to J. Browne Smith, 433 Arch street.

J. BROWNE SMITH, }
THOMAS M'EUEN, } Executors.

may 1—2aw1m

TO LET.

A HOUSE built in the modern stile, in a respectable neighbourhood, and pleasant situation, or a family could have apartments with, or without boarding. Apply to CHARLES P. LISLE, at his Office, No. 8, South Fifth Street. may 1—1m

TO LET.

A house built in the modern style, in a respectable neighbourhood and a pleasant situation, or a family could have apartments with or without boarding. Enquire at the office of

C. P. LISLE,
may 9—1m 8 South Fifth street.

BACK GAMMON TABLE,

AND CHESS BOARD MANUFACTORY.

THE above mentioned articles are manufactured and sold wholesale or retail, by the subscriber, cheaper than they can be obtained elsewhere, in the city of Philadelphia.

For the convenience of wholesale and country dealers, they are made of three different sizes, and to pack in one nest, but each size may be had separately, if so requested.

This being the only manufactory of the kind in this city, the subscriber considers that no further comment on the subject will be necessary.

GEO. ALCHIN,
april 1—3m No. 163 Vine, near Fifth street.

NEW BOOKS.

YESTERDAY IN IRELAND, a novel, in 2 vs.; The Carbonaro, a Piedmontese Tale, 2 vs.; Irving's Conquest of Granada, 2 vs.; Shipp's Memoirs, 2 vs.; Pelham, 2 vs.; Carlo Botta's Italy. For sale at R. GURLEY'S

Commission Book Store, No. 253 Market street.
may 9—tf

FOR SALE,

AT the Repository, No. 118½ Chesnut street, 2 doors below Stewart's Fancy Store,

A Portrait of Mr. Booth, as Sir Edward Mortimer, by Neagle.

A ship crossing the Atlantic—A Gale, by Thomas Birch.

Landscapes, Portraits, Fruit Pieces, and Still Life, by various Masters.

And an extensive assortment of Plain and Coloured Engravings, framed and unframed.

may 8—tf THOMAS J. NATT.

NEW NOVELS.

JUST published and for sale, by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, THE CARBONARO, a Piedmontese tale by the Duke de Lewis, in 2 vols. 12 mo. Also, Yesterday in Ireland, by the author of "To-day in Ireland," containing Coramahon, the Northerners, of 1798, in 2 vols. 12 mo. with all the late new publications for sale as above.

may 8—4t

Miss Wright's Lectures.

MISS WRIGHT will commence her course of LECTURES ON KNOWLEDGE, at the Walnut street Theatre, on Monday evening, May the 11th, at 8 o'clock.

Tickets, admitting a Lady and Gentleman, or two Ladies, 25 cents, to be procured at Mr. Willig's Music Warehouse, Chesnut street, above Fifth; at Mr. Thomas Desilver's Book Store, Market street, between Sixth and Seventh; and at the Box Office of the Theatre, between the hours of 10 and 3 o'clock, and on the evening of the Lectures, at 7 o'clock, at which time the doors will be opened.

☞ The object in placing a price on the tickets of admission, is to meet the rent of the house and contingent expenses. may 8—3t*

YESTERDAY IN IRELAND.

BY the Author of To-Day in Ireland, containing Coronation, and the Northerns of 1798, in 2 vols. 12mo. just received and for sale by

R. H. SMALL,
may 8—3t No. 165 Chesnut street.

HEALTH OFFICE,

Philadelphia, May 7th, 1829.

SEALED Proposals will be received at this office, until the 20th inst. for carrying the Mail from the Lazaretto to the Health Office, and back to the Lazaretto, twice a day from the first of June next, to the first of October. By order of the Board.

WILLIAM MANDRY,
may 8—2aw2w Health Officer.

YESTERDAY IN IRELAND.

JUST received and for sale by E. LITTELL & BROTHER, No. 136 Chesnut street, Yesterday in Ireland, by the author of "To-day in Ireland, 2 vs. 12mo. may 8—tf

WARD'S

Celebrated Picture of the Bull Bait.

Mr. HUNT has the pleasure to inform the Public, Artists and Amateurs of the Fine Arts, that he will exhibit, for a short time, the above Picture, which has recently arrived from England. It is one of the best and highest finished Works of this well known master, and much admired for the excellence of the composition, the beauty and truth of the coloring, the masterly and bold style of penciling, and general harmony of effect. It is one of the finest specimens of the English School of Painting in this country, and well calculated to gratify the taste, and satisfy the judgment of Connoisseurs, and Lovers of the Fine Arts.

The exhibition room will be opened on Monday, the 11th inst. at the N. W. corner of Chesnut and Seventh streets. Admittance 25 cents. Artists are invited to view and study this picture, without charge.

may 8—6t

THE SHEDDING TEETH.

THE ten in front on the upper, and the ten in front on the lower jaw, are the shedding teeth.

The four teeth in front in the upper jaw, are very liable to decay soon after they are shed, and become permanent teeth, say as early as 10, 11, or 12 years old.

It is said, there is a prejudice against giving the teeth room to expand with the file, but there is a strong objection against extracting sound permanent teeth, and extracting first, or temporary teeth, will only save the four in front in the upper jaw, until about 12 years of age.

Between 12 and 13 years old, all the 20 shedding teeth are shed, and become permanent teeth, and this is a most important time to attend to their preservation; supposing that the four in front in the upper jaw have been properly attended to three or four years sooner, particularly in very small mouths.

Further particulars can better be given verbally, when a child is present. The shedding teeth can be saved, with perfect safety, and with trifling pain; if saved with the file, the way so strongly recommended by the Boston volume, no pain is given.

Office, No. 122 North Fourth street, above Race street. B. WILLIAMS, Dentist.

N. B. Information on teeth which are now shed, will appear on Saturday next. may 8—tf

Insolvent Court, Common Pleas,

June Term, 1829.

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' Bonds and final Petitions for the next June Term, and all other documents and advice connected therewith, correctly and legally attended to until discharged by the honourable Judges of the Court, including professional services in case of opposition. Those persons who will be obliged to avail themselves of the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this Commonwealth, and wish to have their business done in a legal and proper manner, will please apply to CHARLES P. LISLE,

At his office, No. 8, South Fifth street, 3d door below Minor street. april 6—tf

SWAIM'S PANACEA.

WHICH HAS BEEN SO LONG BEFORE THE PUBLIC.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I DEEM it the duty of the discoverer of any valuable remedy to make himself acquainted in reference to any medicine, I am about to sell, to change the form of my BOTTLES. In future, the PANACEA will be put up in round bottles, dated longitudinally, with the following words, blown in the glass, "SWAIM'S PANACEA, PHILADA," as represented above.

These bottles are much stronger than those heretofore used, and will have but one label, which covers the cork; with my own signature on it, so that the cork cannot be drawn without destroying the signature, without which none is genuine. The medicine may consequently be known to be genuine when my signature is visible; *to counterfeit which, will be punishable as forgery.*

The increasing demand for this celebrated medicine has enabled me to reduce the price to TWO DOLLARS per bottle, thus bringing it within the reach of the indigent.

My Panacea requires no encomium; its astonishing effects and wonderful operation have drawn, both from Patients and Medical Practitioners of the highest respectability, the most unqualified approbation, and established for it a character which Envy's pen, though dipped in gall, can never tarnish.

The false reports concerning this valuable medicine, which have been so diligently circulated by certain Physicians, have their origin either in ENVY, or in the malicious effects of the SPURIOUS IMITATIONS.

The Proprietor pledges himself to the Public, and gives them the most solemn assurances, that this medicine contains neither mercury nor any other deleterious drug.

The Public are cautioned not to purchase my Panacea, except from myself, my accredited agents, or persons of known respectability; and all those will consequently be without excuse, who shall purchase from any other persons. WM. SWAIM,

No. 221 CHESNUT STREET.

September, 1828.

CERTIFICATES.

FROM DR. N. CHAPMAN,

Professor of the Institutes and Practice of Physic, and Clynical Practice in the University of Pennsylvania, President of the Academy of Medicine of Philadelphia, &c.

I have, within the last two years, had an opportunity of seeing several cases of very inveterate ulcers, which, having resisted previously the regular modes of treatment, were healed by the use of Mr. Swaim's Panacea, and I do believe, from what I have seen, that it will prove an important remedy in scrofulous, venereal, and mercurial diseases. N. CHAPMAN, M. D.

FROM DR. W. GIBSON,

Professor of Surgery in the University of Pennsylvania, Surgeon and Clinical Lecturer to the Alms House Infirmary, &c. &c.

I have employed the Panacea of Mr. Swaim in numerous instances, within the last three years, and have always found it extremely efficacious, especially in secondary syphylis and in mercurial disease. I have no hesitation in pronouncing it a medicine of inestimable value. W. GIBSON, M. D.

FROM DR. VALENTINE MOTT,

Professor of Surgery in the University of New York, Surgeon of the New York Hospital, &c. &c.

I have repeatedly used Swaim's Panacea, both in the Hospital and in private practice, and have found it to be a valuable Medicine in Chronic, Syphilitic and Scrofulous complaints, and in obstinate cutaneous affections.

VALENTINE MOTT, M. D.

FROM DR. WILLIAM P. DEWEES,

Adjunct Professor of Midwifery in the University of Pennsylvania, &c. &c.

I have much pleasure in saying I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects in several instances of inveterate disease from Mr. Swaim's Panacea, where other remedies had failed—one was that of Mrs. Brown.*

WILLIAM P. DEWEES, M. D.

* See Book of Cases, page 83.

CAUTION TO PURCHASERS.

This Medicine had been used for more than 7 years before an effort was made to imitate it, but the great demand for it, and its wonderful success, have induced a great number of persons to imitate it in various ways—upwards of fifty different mixtures have been got up in imitation of it, which is a convincing proof of its being a medicine of great value. Some are selling Sarsaparilla and other syrups, imposing them on the ignorant for the Panacea; others are mixing the genuine medicine with molasses, &c. making three bottles out of one, thus retaining some of its virtues; others are using the genuine Panacea in their bottles to perform cures, to obtain certificates to give their own a reputation, &c.—Some have even resorted to perjury to deceive the public. These imitations and adulterations have, in many instances, protracted the sufferings of patients in diseases where the genuine Swaim's Panacea would have proved instantly efficacious. I therefore deem it a duty I owe the public to assure them, that the composition of my Panacea is not known, nor was it ever communicated to any other person in any way whatever, and consequently, that all other mixtures represented to be mine, are fraudulent impositions. WILLIAM SWAIM.

Sold by every respectable Druggist in the Union.
jan. 17—eott

YESTERDAY IN IRELAND.

BY the author of "To-Day in Ireland," a novel in 2 vols. THE CARBONARO, a Piedmontese tale, by the Duke de Lewis, a novel, in 2 vols. Just published and for sale by

TOWAR & HOGAN,
may 8—tf No. 255 Market street.

THE PHILOSOPHY

OF A FUTURE STATE, by Thomas Dick, is just received and for sale by J. GRIGG, No. 9 North Fourth street, may 8—3t

School of Elocution.

MR. DENNISON'S School of the above character, is open for the admission of classes, at Nos. 83—4 ARCADE, second story, from 6 o'clock, A. M. to 10, P. M.—Terms and method of Instruction made known at the room.

May 11, 1829.

We take pleasure in recommending Mr. Dennison as a competent Teacher of Elocution. His success in teaching a number of young Gentlemen, heretofore placed under our care, warrants our saying, that he will redeem any pledge he may give the public.

Rev. SAMUEL B. WYLIE, D. D.
Professor Languages University Pennsylvania.
JOSEPH P. ENGLES, A. M.
Rev. JAMES WILTBANK,
Principal Grammar School University of Penn.
may 9—eod2w

Porcelain and Artificial Bone Teeth.

ELLIS MIDDLETON, DENTIST,

No. 188 NORTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

N. B. Attention will be paid from half past 6 o'clock to 8 in the morning, to those persons who are unable to incur the expense. may 8—2aw3m

U. S. CITY ESTABLISHMENT.

OLD STAND,

No. 90 Cherry street, two doors below Sixth street,

A. G. RICHARDS

RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to "THE LADIES" of this and other cities throughout the Union, for past favors, and is happy to acknowledge the particular and flattering notice taken of his SUPERIOR MANNER of WASHING and DRESSING of CASHMERE, MERINO and CANTON CRAPE SHAWLS, SILK, SATINE, &c. &c. WARRANTING the COLOURS NOT TO FADE, and LOOKING EQUAL TO NEW.

N. B. A. G. R. with pleasure informs his friends and the public, that he has received from Europe, by a late arrival at New York, a fresh supply of materials for setting colors, superior to any he has ever used, which will, of course, enable him to give his work a greater degree of elegance.

THREAD and SILK LACE washed and mended, as usual. april 7—1y

BOARDING.

A FEW BOARDERS can be accommodated, on reasonable terms, by applying at No. 18 Branch street may 4—tf

DRAFTS AND NOTES

ON almost every section of the Union, collected at moderate charges, by

J. I. COHEN, Jr. & BROTHERS,
Exchange Office, No. 35 South Third street.
april 8—tf

THE RELIGIOUS EXAMINER;

AND SPIRIT OF THE TIMES: A RELIGIOUS JOURNAL AND REVIEW, to be published on the 1st day of June next, by the subscriber, and conducted by a Committee of Clergymen.

CONTENTS.—Eglandes Pastoral Memorials, from the Eclectic Review; The Trial of Abraham, from the Pulpit; The Wanderer instructed and comforted, from the Wesleyan Methodist Magazine; A History of England, from the Christian Remembrancer; The Port Royalists, from the Spirit and Manners of the Age; Things Unseen, from the same; On the Universal Sense of Scripture, from the Christian Observer; Latimer's Sermons and Writings, from the Baptist Magazine; The Family Monitor, from the Imperial Magazine; On Egyptian Hieroglyphics; from the Christian Guardian and Church of England Magazine; Jews to Poland, from the Christian Observer; An Essay on Isaiah, xlii. 7, from the Home Missionary Magazine; Biblical Criticism, from the Christian Observer; Confession of Faith by a Jew, from the Jewish Expositor; Song of the Angels at Bethlehem, from the Youth's Instructor; Eusebius, from the Critica Biblica; Dr. Dwight's Sermons, from the Baptist Magazine; On the Defection of Demas, from the Christian Observer; Wilberforce's Practical View with Dr. Wilson's Essay, from the same; Collection's Lectures on the Book of Revelation, from the Congregational Magazine; The Disobedient Prophet, from the Critica Biblica, What constitutes a Call to the Ministry, from the Home Missionary Magazine; Influence of Religion on National Morals, from the Spirit and Manners of the Age; Oriental Translation Fund from the Wesleyan Methodist Magazine; Matthew xxvi. 39, from the Christian Guardian, and Church of England Magazine; The Knowledge of Christ crucified, from the Home Missionary Magazine; Familiar Exposition of Gen. xvi. 11, 12, from the Critica Biblica; On Prophecy, from the Christian Guardian and Church of England Magazine; A case of Religious Experience, from the Home Missionary Magazine, Luther, from Blackwood's Magazine; On the Summit of an Egyptian Pyramid, from the Youth's Instructor; Lectures, Expository and Practical, or the Book of Revelation, from the Evangelical Magazine; Short Hand, from the New Year's Gift; Character of Mrs. Steele, from the Christian Observer; On the Extent of Ministerial Usefulness, from the Christian Guardian, and Church of England Magazine; A New Year's Eve, from the Evangelical Magazine. This work is published monthly, at $6 per annum.

may 7—tf

PHILADELPHIA SUSPENDER MANUFACTORY.

No. 26 SOUTH FOURTH STREET.

THE subscribers respectfully inform their friends and the public generally, that they have removed their Store to No. 26 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, opposite the Indian Queen Hotel, where they manufacture and have constantly on hand, a greater variety of Fancy silk, sewing silk, worsted and cotton Suspenders, than has heretofore been offered for sale in this City—including a general assortment of A. L. VANHORNS' late improved and Patented spring roller Suspenders, with Springs attached to the Rollers in front, making them in point of ease and durability far superior to the Roller Suspenders formerly used, all of which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms Wholesale and Retail. Also, Russian belts, Vest springs, Cravat stiffens, Silk, hair and patent leather stocks, Sewing silk webbing Manufactured and sold as above. Country Merchants and others dealing in the above articles, will find it to their advantage to call before they purchase elsewhere. VANHORN & PIMM.

N. B. All kinds of Suspenders repaired.
oct. 25—tf

BEDDING WAREHOUSE,

AND VENITIAN BLIND MANUFACTORY,

No. 102 WALNUT STREET,
Between Fourth and Fifth streets.

MOSS & WALTON

RESPECTFULLY inform their friends and the public, that they have now on hand, and they intend constantly to keep a good stock of first rate, well dried SOUTHERN FEATHERS, for Beds, and the best CURLED HAIR, for Mattresses.

Also, the first quality ENGLISH and DOMESTIC TICKING.

M. & W. beg to assure those who may favor them with their orders, that they may rely upon having every article in the above line, of the best materials and workmanship, *AT THE LOWEST PRICES.*

VENITIAN BLINDS, with new and ornamental fronts, painted in green and fancy colors, warranted of the best materials, at reduced prices.

N. B. WINDOW CURTAINS and BED FURNITURES made up and fixed according to designs of the latest London and Parisian Fashions.

CARPETS and FLOOR MATTING neatly fitted.
jan. 1—tf

INTRODUCTION

TO the Art and Science of Music, written for the American Conservatorio of Philadelphia, by Phil. Trajetta, is just published and for sale at the Music Stores of Messrs. Frederick, Willig, Blake & Veleman, and at the Book Stores of Messrs. Dobson, and Neal & Mackenzie, Price $1. april 28—eod3w

NEW ENGRAVINGS.

THE West Country Mails at the Gloucester Coffee House Picadilly.

The Royal Mails at the Angel Inn, Islington, on the night of his Majesty's Birth-day.

Mail Coach in a Fog.

Mail Coach by Moonlight.

Sharper Race Horse.

Watching for the Buck and Companion.

A variety of beautiful Lithographic Colored Prints.

Confectioner's Daughter, the young mother, a young wife, &c.

Sets of Atkins' Sporting Prints.

New Caricatures, &c., just received and for sale by

SAMUEL M. STEWART,
april 30—d No. 122 Chesnut street.

THOMAS GIBSON

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he keeps constantly on hand, HYDRANTS, of all the various descriptions and of the best quality, together with every other article in the Plumbing line; such as HATTERS' PLANK KETTLES, CHEMICAL APPARATUS for bleaching, &c. SHIP WORK done with neatness and despatch. All orders left at his shop, No. 71 Vine street, near the Bank of the Northern Liberties, or at his dwelling, No. 297 Arch, one door from the corner of Eighth street, will be thankfully received and punctually attended to june 3—tf

MEDICATED VAPOUR BATHS,

No. 3 LIBRARY STRRET,

OPEN every day, at all hours, and suitable attendance *for both sexes.* Admission to a single Bath, 50 cents. TICKETS FOR THE SEASON 10 DOLLARS.—As a luxury and cleanser of the skin, VAPOUR BATHING, now so popular in London, Paris, and the principal cities on the Continent of Europe, is far superior to the common Water Bath, as a remedy in Rheumatism, Affections of the Lungs, Liver, and other internal organs, Nervous Diseases; and all disorders of the skin, it has shown extraordinary powers.—Their administration does not interfere with, but is a powerful auxiliary to Medical prescription. All persons coming recommended by the Faculty, will be carefully attended to.

Portable Baths sent to any part of the city, at five minute's notice. april 11—2aw3m

W. E. TATEM,

COPPERSMITH AND SHEET IRON WORKER.

INFORMS the public that he conducts business at No. 14 SOUTH EIGHTH Street, where may be had

Copper Conductors and Gutters,
Copper Pumps and Measures for grocers,
Stills of various sizes,
Hatters plank and dye Kettles,
Washing and Preserving Kettles,
Mineral Water Apparatus on the most approved plan,
Russia Sheet Iron Stoves of various patterns for burning Lehigh Coal,
Copper Work of every description made and repaired on the most reasonable terms.

A number of second hand fountains for sale low.
jan. 19—dtf

NEW BOOKS.

JUST published and for sale, by the subscriber, ARCADE, West Arcade, No. 16, Memoirs of Eminent persons, with portraits and Vignettes, written and in part selected, by J. B. HALL, Esq.

Life of Alexander Wilson, the Ornithologist, by GEORGE ORD, F. L. S. &c. H. HALL.
may 7—d1w

Sir W. Scott's Miscellaneous Prose Works.

JUST published and for sale by TOWAR & HOGAN, No. 255 Market street, The Miscellaneous Prose Works of Sir Walter Scott, Baronet, in 6 vols. 12mo. may 6—tf

The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal.

THE above popular work is published weekly, at $3 per annum, in advance.

Subscriptions will be received, and back numbers delivered, by J. MORTIMER,
may 6—6t 74 South Second street.

LITHOGRAPHY.

KENNEDY & LUCAS,

No. 90 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

INFORM the public that they have established a press for all business in the above line, and are ready to execut any order upon the shortest notice, such as Portrait, Landscape, Architecture, Music, Circulars, &c. of every kind.

Specimens of the above to be seen at the office of the press. march 25—6m

WALDRON'S SCYTHES.

100 DOZEN Waldron's Corn and Grass Scythes, for sale by

G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
feb 21—1m No. 145 Market street

WESTERN TRANSPORTATION.

THE subscribers will contract to deliver Merchandize at Louisville, Cincinnati, Pittsburgh and intermediate ports, via New Orleans, upon reasonable terms. MACALESTER & YORKE,
march 7—tf No. 8 Minor Street.

3 29 50,

A PRIZE of 500 Dollars, together with two Prizes of 200, four of 100, and three of 50, (whole tickets,) were all sold by us in the 4th Class Union Canal Lottery which drew yesterday, and paid in the afternoon. CLEMENTS & CO.
may 5—tf 16 North Fourth street.

Robert Smith, Jeweller.

MANUFACTORY back of No. 45 South Second street, where he has for sale a handsome lot of JEWELLERY, which he will sell low for cash, or approved notes.

N. B. Old gold and silver taken in exchange for articles in his line. march 18—6m

TO THE AFFLICTED.

PERSONS afflicted with coughs, colds, and pulmonary complaints, in their various stages, are reminded, that a more safe and effectual remedy cannot be found, than ROGERS' PULMONIC DETERGENT. It has now been tested by fifteen years' experience; and hundreds can be appealed to, in this city, who will bear testimony to the speedy and permanent relief afforded them by the use of it.

Also, Rogers' Vegetable Renovating Pulmonary Syrup, prepared from the same materials as the Detergent, with such additions as a long course of experience and observation of pulmonary affections have proved to be better adapted to more protracted and confirmed cases of consumption.

The following certificates are from gentlemen of respectability:—

At the request of Dr. Rogers, I cheerfully state, that a female domestic, living in my family, and laboring under the effects of a most severe cold, was speedily relieved by the use of a medicine prepared by him, and known under the name of "Vegetable Pulmonic Detergent;" and that I have myself used it to much advantage, when suffering under a violent affection of the lungs, and recommend it as an effectual remedy in such cases. WM. HONAY, 47 Charlton street, N. Y.

Few men in the community, have a greater contempt for nostrums in general than myself. Patent medicine and catchpenny with me have been synonymous.

I am constrained, however, to relinquish those sentiments as respects Dr. Rogers' Vegetable Detergent, the effects of which I have recently witnessed. A young lady, in my family, by using two papers, I have reason to believe, is effectually cured of an alarming pulmonic complaint, which, in all its symptoms, gave evidence of immediate consumption. I communicate this with a view of usefulness, and sincerely hope that such persons, as have complaints similar to the above, will make a trial of the medicine. GIDEON LEE, N. Y.

ALSO,

Rogers' Linimentum, for the Salt Rheum.

The following is one of the numerous respectable certificates: New York, July, 1828.

DEAR SIR,—I had almost despaired of ever being relieved from that afflicting and troublesome complaint, the Salt Rheum, after applying perhaps twenty different prescriptions, until I used your Liniment, which has destroyed every vestige of the complaint, which for several years, at seasons, rendered my hands nearly useless. Since which time I have with much pleasure recommended its application to a great number, and in five cases out of six, have had the satisfaction of witnessing a complete cure, and in every instance, a great mitigation of its virulence. GEORGE W. ARNOLD,

Dr. GEORGE ROGERS. No. 313 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by NORTH & WARRIN, Franklin Place, first door above the Post Office.
may 7—tf

Mount Airy Property for Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphan's Court, for the city and county of Philadelphia, will be exposed to public sale, on Thursday, the 14th day of May, 1829, at the Public House of William Cooper, sign of the Dove, in Mount Airy, near the premises, the following Real Estate, late of John Jacob Kelz, deceased, in lots of the following dimensions, viz:

No. 1. All that certain 2 story stone messuage or tenement, and piazza frame barn and lot or piece of ground, situate in Mount Airy, in Germantown Township, in the county of Philadelphia. Beginning at a corner, in the line dividing this from Samuel Maulsby's lot, South 40 deg. 30 min. West 10. 8 perches, to a corner of Col. Rumpford's lot, thence by the same South 28 deg. East 13 1-20 perches, to Allen's Lane, thence along the side of said lane, North 40 deg. 30 min. East 15. 5 perches, to a corner dividing this and the next described lot, No. 2; thence North 48 deg. West 12. 2 perches, to the place of beginning. Containing 150 perches more or less, within the said limits. The improvements are, an orchard containing a variety of choice fruits, a well of good water, with a pump in it, near the door.

No. 2. All that certain two story stone messuage, and lot or piece of ground, adjoining the above. Containing in front or breadth on Allen's lane, 10. 3 perches, and in length or depth Northward 12. 2 perches. On this lot, there is a well of excellent water, and a great variety of fruit trees.

No. 3. All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the Germantown Turnpike road and Allen's lane aforesaid. Containing in front on said turnpike, 4 perches, and narrowing at the back end, to the width of 3-7 perches, and in length or depth on Allen's lane, 14. 5. perches, and in a Northerly line 15. 5. perches, adjoining Allen's lane; the turnpike road aforesaid; the next described lot, and the lot above described, No. 2.

No. 4. All that certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the Germantown turnpike road, and adjoining the above lot, No. 3. Containing in front on said turnpike road, 4 perches, and in width on the back line 3-7 perches, and in depth on the Southerly line, 15. 5 perches, and on the Northerly line 17 perches; bounded by the turnpike road aforesaid, lots No. 2 and 3, and by lot No. 5, described next below.

No. 5. All that certain two story frame messuage and lot or piece of ground, situate on the Germantown turnpike road aforesaid, containing in width on said road, 5 1-20th perches, and on the back line, 4-8 perches, and in length or depth on the Southerly line, 17 perches; and on the Northerly line 19. 2. perches, bounded by the turnpike road aforesaid, and by lots No. 2 and 4, and by ground now or late of Samuel Moulsby. On this lot there is a well of excellent water, near the door of the house, a good garden, and a variety of fruit trees. All the above described lots have fruit trees growing on them, of excellent quality. The situation high and healthy, and opposite the Mount Airy Military Lyceum.

A Draft of the above, may be seen at the office of Jedediah Strong, Esqr., in Germantown.

☞ Conditions at Sale.

ELIZABETH BLAIS, }
SARAH RETZ, } Administratrix.
may 6—w6 s9 tl4 3t*

BOARDING.

TWO OR THREE BOARDERS can be accommodated, in a private family, at moderate charge Apply at this Office. may 6—tf

FOR SALE,

A STRONG YOUNG GREY HORSE, suitable for family use. Apply to

E. LITTELL & BROTHER,
may 7—tf No. 136 Chesnut street.

PIANO FORTE MANUFACTORY.

THE opportunity afforded by the winter months has enabled the advertiser to replenish his Ware Room, anticipating as usual at the opening season, an influx of demand for the article in which he is happy to say his success in the proximity to perfection has exceeded his most sanguine expectation.

The ready sale of these improved Piano Fortes is and has been a most satisfactory test of this fact, and it is a matter of no small moment to offer again his unfeigned thanks, for the almost unparalleled encouragement with which he has been met, by his friends of the Country as well as the City.

In thus tendering his grateful regards to his fellow citizens and patrons generally, he avails himself of the opportunity of offering an entire new assortment of the best production from his Manufactory, which certainly will need no verbal recommendation from himself, assured as he is that his instruments can speak purely and firmly for themselves.

The expenses of this establishment being perhaps less than any other in the city, he feels encouraged to say that Country merchants who may be venders or have orders, will further their interest in the two fold view of judicious and pecuniary advantage in giving him a call.

Piano Fortes repaired neatly and promptly. Old ones taken in part pay for new. E. N. SCHERR,

North West corner of Market and Eighth street.
feb. 28—tf

JOHN MONELL, TAILOR,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public, that he still continues the above business at his old established stand, No. 20 South Third street, where he will be happy to furnish all articles in his line on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Six or eight Pantaloon and Vest makers wanted as above. june 6—tf

Cheap Books and Stationary.

GEORGE W. DONOHUE, No. 188 South Second street, 4 doors above Pine street, keeps constantly on hand, a general assortment of Miscellaneous and School Books, Flowered Paper, Cap, Letter and Wrapping Papers, Bonnet Boards, and Stationary generally, all of which he offers for sale at the lowest prices. april 20—tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having experienced great inconvenience from the practice of cutting lottery tickets, hereby give notice that they will not hereafter pay any lottery prize ticket which has been cut into two or more pieces, unless all the pieces of such ticket be presented at the same time.

may 1—2w YATES & M'INTYRE.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

THE subscriber offers for sale at his manufactory, 51 North Third street, boots and shoes of the first quality. The articles are made up in the neatest and most fashionable style, under the subscriber's immediate inspection. A reasonable deduction will be made to wholesale merchants. P. G. NAGLE,
march 13—tf 4 doors above the City Hotel.

LA FAYETTE OFFICE!!!

AS we predicted we have sold our share of prizes. The following are the drawn numbers in the Union Canal Lottery, No. 4, 1829:

50 33 43 8 29 35 51 3 54

*3	35	54	eighth....	a prize of $5335
*3	8	43		a whole ticket..... 1000
*29	33	54	half.....	1000
*29	43	54	half.....	1000
*33	51	54	eighth.....	1000
*8	29	54	do.....	1000
*8	43	50	a whole ticket.....	500
*43	50	54	quarter	500
*8	50	54	do.....	500

*Besides innumerable prizes of $200, 100, &c. &c.—All sold by CLINTON & CO.

Lafayette office, No. 33 South Third street,
may 5—tf Between Market & Chesnut.

EPSOM SALT, BORAX, &C.

100 BARRELS Epsom Salts,
30 cases Refined Borax,
25 do. Castile Soap,
For sale by WM. HACQUIN,
may 1—tf No. 139 North Second street.

SOLAR MICROSCOPE.

A LARGE and powerful instrument is now prepared, and will be exhibited every day that the sun shines, at the

PHILADELPHIA MUSEUM,

Between the hours of 2 and 4 o'clock, a selection of the most curious and pleasing objects has been made for this exhibition—among them may be enumerated:

The wings and proboscis of Flies and Mosquitoes.
The antennæ and dust from the wings and bodies of Moths and Butterflies.
Hair and Fur.
The crystalization of a variety of salts.
The formation of the Arbor Dianæ.
The circulation of the Blood.
The Animalculæ in vinegar and paste, with a variety of other objects.

Admittance, as usual, 25 cents—children 12½.
march 23—tf

LADIES.

THE Ladies of this city are respectfully requested to call and examine the most beautiful assortment of Combs ever before offered; among others the elegantly carved open work tops, tuck combs of various patterns, side and front crescent combs to match.

The above articles, made only by the Subscriber, are warranted to be far superior, both in strength and beauty, to the East India Combs.

N. B. Carved combs of all descriptions repaired so as to look equal to new, at M. J. LITTLEBOYS,
jan. 14—tf No. 44½ North Second street.

TO MANUFACTURERS.

THE Subscribers having the Agency for the sale of MACHINE CARDS, will execute Orders, and have them delivered in this City free of expense or risk, from the Manufactories of W. WHITTEMORE & Co., J. & J. A. SMITH & Co., ISAAC SOUTH GATE & Co., SILAS EARLE, PLINY EARLE, and JONES & WOOD, all of Massachusetts.

They also keep on hand an extensive assortment of SHEET and FILLET CARDS, together with WHITTEMORE'S, SMITH'S, SARGEANT'S, & EARLE'S HAND CARDS, both for Cotton and Wool. Apply at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market street, Philadelphia. G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE.

Comb Plate, Cleaning Combs, Fullers' Jacks, may also be had of them. july 12—dtf

BRUSH MANUFACTORY,

No. 20 NORTH THIRD STREET.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has on hand, and still continues to manufacture, BRUSHES, of every description, which he offers for sale on the most reasonable terms, either for cash or acceptances.

Country merchants and others, who deal in the article, will find it to their advantage in giving him a call, as his prices is as moderate as will be found in the city.

Dec. 6—tf MIERS BUSCH.

COTTON AND WOOL CARDS.

A LARGE assortment of WHITEMORE'S, SMITH'S, SARGENT'S, EARLE'S & JONE'S, AND WOOD'S Cotton and Wool Cards, constantly on hand, and for sale by G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE, at their Hardware and Cutlery Store, No. 149 Market street jan. 21—dtf

JUST RECEIVED,

AND for sale by DAVID CLARK, Bookseller and Stationer, No. 118 North Fourth street, HAZEN'S SYMBOLICAL PRIMMER, or First Class Book, containing 429 wood cuts, and also his Speller and Definer. march 25—tf

AMERICAN

CORN AND GRASS SCYTHES.

A LARGE assortment of CORN AND GRASS SCYTHES, of American Manufacture, for sale by

G. M. & G. R. JUSTICE,
jan. 21—dtf No. 149 Market street.

CANAL BOATS.

THREE SUBSTANTIAL WELL BUILT UNION CANAL BOATS, with Covers, Oars, Poles, Ropes, &c. for sale low. Apply to

J. R. & J. M. BOLTON,
Callowhill street wharf, Schuylkill, 2d below Fairmount.
march 11—tf

JAMES CHESNUT,

BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,

No. 194 Callowhill street, Philadelphia,

WHERE he offers on the lowest terms, SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONARY of every description.

Also, Hazen's SYMBOLICAL PRIMMER; or Class Book, No. 1—and SPELLING and DEFINER; or Class Book, No. 2, retail or in quantities. German School Books, Testaments, Prayer Books, &c. Day Books, Legers, Journals, &c.

Books neatly rebound, and Blank Books bound to any pattern. Bindery No. 28 North Third street.
april 30—tf

Luke the Labourer, Rienzi, &c.

JUST received, and for sale at the Circulating Library and Dramatic Repository, No. 76 South Third street, Luke the Labourer, a domestic Melo drama; Rienzi, Invincibles; William Tell; Bethlehem, or a Ten years Blunder; Lottery Ticket, or the Lawyer's Clerk; Sloman's Dudleries; Memoirs of Madame Fenton; Elton Theatrical Budget, &c. &c. &c.

Also, for sale as above, Cumberland's British Theatre, containing upwards of 140 Nos including nearly all the standard and popular new Tragedies, Comedies, Operas, &c. with remarks, Biographical and Critical, and the whole of the Stage business.

PETER G. WEIKEL,
No. 92 South Third street, below Walnut.
may 7—tf

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen